POST Published daily except on Saturday by The Palestine Post Ltd. Founded in 1932 by GERSHON AGRON
Registered at the G.P.O. Copyright of all material reserved; reproduction permitted only by arrangement.
Editor: TED R. LURIE
Head Office: 9 Rehov Havazelet, Jerusalem. P.O.Box 81. Tel. 24233.
Tel Aviv: 52 Rehov Nahlat Binyamin, P.O. Box 1125. Tel. 64251/2.
Haifa: 34 Rehov Herzl. Tel. 4394/5.
Annual Subscription: IL 53.
Single Copy: 17 Agorot.
Vol. XXXVI, No. 9870*

ARISTON
DUBEK's exquisite FILTER CIGARETTE

THE JERUSALEM POST

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1960. 13 Heshvan, 5721. 14 Jamad Awal, 1380.

JERUSALEM'S
OUTFITTERS FOR MEN AND WOMEN
ROSENBLUM
1 PRINCESS MARY
TOURISTS — VISITORS
Raincoats in a wide selection!

BANK'S BRAKES

THE Bank of Israel is a queer animal — said the Bank's Governor, Mr. D. Horowitz, at the Commercial and Industrial Club's luncheon last week — for it both valiantly opposes credit expansion and also connives at it. As a matter of fact, the volume of bank credit increased by almost 15 per cent in the first eight months of 1960 (as compared with about 10 per cent in the same months of 1959), and may rise by 23 per cent by the end of the year, while the rise in national output will at best reach the 12 per cent rate of 1959. Moreover, this large-scale monetary expansion is taking place at a time when a steady stream of purchasing power is pouring into our economy from the "monetization" of foreign currency, i.e. from the accumulation of dollar reserves, which are paid for in Israel pounds, but not put to any productive use for the time being.

At the current rate of Restitutions, Reparations, exports, tourist and shipping income, receipts from the national funds etc., we are not using up all of our foreign currency revenue in spite of the rapid rise in the nation's living standards, and the high level of investments (both of which bring in their wake additional imports), and therefore accumulation of dollar reserves is more or less unavoidable, and the resultant liquidity should normally go far to cover the legitimate credit requirements of Israel economy.

Indeed, one should have expected the central bank to keep a tight hand on credits, in order to offset eventual inflationary pressures, or the State Budget to produce a surplus, which would take some steam off the home market. Instead, however, we find the public sector (though not the Government directly) still in the red, and credit soaring, while the Bank's Governor is lamenting over, and preaching against, its own doing.

This situation is the inevitable outcome of the Bank of Israel's limited autonomy, under its basic law, which causes it to yield to Government pressure as well as to certain vested interests, leaving it only the consolation of protesting to the public in particular through the "special reports" to the Knesset whenever the volume of means of payment rises by 15 per cent during a period of 12 months. That such reports have not been necessary for almost two years now may have largely been due to a happy combination of two factors: the very high rate of progress of Israel's Gross National Product on account of previous investments coming to fruition, and the improvement that has taken place in the Government's financial position. With 11 to 12 per cent annual increase in the GNP, even 15 per cent additional means of payment is no longer very alarming. The recent expansion of private credits has done little more than offset the reduction of public indebtedness while previously both the Government and the private sector were pulling in the same direction. However, further progress in this respect is unlikely at the moment, with government revenue already lagging behind estimates; nor can the high rate of progress of the GNP be relied on forever. The brakes must be applied to credit expansion, but the Bank of Israel's Governor does not seem very hopeful of the prospects unless he can mobilize public support.

This lack of support hitherto has largely been due to ignorance of economic processes on the part of the Israel public, as Mr. Horowitz said in his address. Citizens should become more economic (and economy) minded, he says. But at the same time it should be clear that tangible results can only be achieved if this educational activity is tied to some practical aim. Mr. Horowitz referred obliquely to the necessity for introducing some "basic economic reforms." The public fails to appreciate the need for these because they prefer to hope for the continuation of the present prosperity. They are not likely to change their minds without a much clearer and more persistent explanation.

His hint may refer to the need to devaluate the Israel pound if the present trend is not checked, or to the need to abolish the interest law and to reform credit control in order to check it. As long as the main issue is dodged, however, the public will prefer to enjoy prosperity and to endure its bitter after-ef-

US Denies Plan To Consult UK On Sub Missiles

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — U.S. officials have expressed amazement at Mr. Harold Macmillan's statement on Tuesday that firings of American Polaris missiles would be subject to "the fullest prior consultations" with Britain.

A well-informed source said the U.S. had given no such commitment to Britain in the Anglo-American agreement, announced by the British Prime Minister, under which U.S. Polaris-firing submarines were to be given support facilities in Scotland.

The U.S. position, the source said, was that full consultation was required in instances such as the taking-off of aircraft from foreign soil. There was a basic difference in the present instance. They emphasised that, under the new agreement, the U.S. was not receiving a base, as some press reports stated, but instead was being given support facilities.

It was further stated that Polaris submarines might be operating in varying parts of the globe if the time ever came to fire their missiles, and this was regarded as being in a different category from a U.S. aircraft taking off from a British base.

The official State Department spokesman declined all comment on the controversy. This gave rise to the belief among observers that the White House had issued orders that nothing was to be said which might add to the apparent differences in Anglo-American views.

Lord Home Explains

In London, Foreign Secretary Lord Home said it appeared from press reports he had seen that Mr. Macmillan had been misinterpreted as implying that the U.S. were formally committed to previous consultation with Britain before using the Polaris missile anywhere in the world.

He told a Labour peer: "It is quiet clear from the Prime Minister's statement that, although he is sure there would be consultation wherever possible, it could not necessarily be guaranteed in the case of an emergency."

Thirty-two Labour Members of Parliament yesterday jointly declared their opposition to the Government's decision.

Jordan Delegation To Iraq Next Week

A delegation of Directors-General of Jordan Government Ministries is going to Baghdad next week to discuss details in connection with the resumption of land, air and telegraphic communications between Jordan and Iraq. This was announced last night by Amman Radio, which added that the first Jordan Airways flight to Iraq since contact was broken during the June 1958 revolt, took place yesterday.

CAIRO NAMES ENVOY TO U.K.

CAIRO (Reuter). — The UAR Ambassador in Moscow, Mohammed Awad el-Kouny, has been nominated as Ambassador to Britain, Foreign Ministry sources said yesterday.

Representation in the two countries has been at Chargé d'Affaires level since diplomatic relations were restored last December following the break during the Suez invasion.

'Lady Chatterley' Cleared in U.K.

LONDON (AP). — A jury of nine men and three women yesterday returned a verdict that the uncensored version of D. H. Lawrence's "Lady Chatterley's Lover" is not obscene, and thus paved the way for its publication in Britain.

The book was published in 1928, two years before the author's death.

The jury's decision cleared Penguin Books, Ltd. of Scotland Yard's charge that in printing the unexpurgated copy of the dead author's work they had violated Britain's Obscene Publications Act.

"Lady Chatterley's Lover" was the first test case brought under the country's new Obscenity Law, which allows expert witnesses to defend a book as literature despite obscene words and frank descriptions of the sexual act.

Applause echoed through the Old Bailey courtroom when the verdict was announced.

The books of David Herbert Lawrence have been the subject of controversy for nearly 40 years.

New York Gives Rousing Welcome to Ike, Nixon

NEW YORK (Reuter). — Ticker-tape and confetti virtually blotted out the sun yesterday as President Eisenhower drove into New York with Mr. Richard Nixon in a bid to transfer some of his own massive popularity to the Republican Presidential candidate.

Also in the car were Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge, Republican Vice-Presidential candidate, and Mr. Nelson Rockefeller, Governor of New York.

Tug-boats sounded their whistles as the four men drove down Broadway to shouts and cheers from throngs of midday shoppers and others seeking a glimpse of the outgoing President and his possible successor.

Women blew kisses from behind police barriers, but at another point along the route there were boos. Occasional "We Want Kennedy" banners hung from windows — support for Democratic candidate Senator John Kennedy, now heading in the Presidential race, according to many polls.

Political observers said the President's decision to accompany Mr. Nixon and Mr. Lodge on the ticket-tape parade was taken in the full knowledge that Mr. Nixon needs help to match the continuing popular support for Senator Kennedy in the last six days before the election.

The immediate objective was to equal — and if possible exceed — the huge crowd scenes which accompanied Senator Kennedy's visit to New York last week. Political observers believe these scenes, plus pollsters' predictions of a Kennedy victory in New York, have had a snowballing effect across the country.

Republicans feel today's spectacular showing on Mr. Nixon's behalf in New York will also impress other parts of the country and bring him to the crest of his campaign at the right time.

Mr. Eisenhower, in speeches before yesterday's ticker-tape parade, described Mr. Nixon and Mr. Lodge as the best bet for keeping the peace and reducing the burden of armaments. He said they "stand for everything that has made the U.S. great."

Mr. Kennedy was meanwhile racing through California, and still intends to cover another 16 states, getting in as many meetings as there are hours until Election Day, next Tuesday.

President Eisenhower yesterday formally invited foreign diplomats to observe balloting on election day anywhere in the U.S. The invitation to some 90 foreign embassies and legations included an offer to waive travel restrictions on Communist diplomats.

Chittagong Death Toll Passes 200

DACCA, East Pakistan (AP). — More than 200 people are feared to have died in a 160 k.p.h. cyclone and tidal wave which hit the Chittagong area on Monday, according to reports reaching here yesterday. A higher death toll is feared when full reports are available.

Three weeks ago about 6,000 persons were killed in a similar disaster in this coastal area.

Nazi International Confers in Paris

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — An anti-Semitic International with neo-Nazi delegates from Germany, Belgium, Britain, Holland, Italy, Sweden, Switzerland and France recently held a conference in the Republique District of this city, an area where many Jews live.

The proceedings, which were on the theme "The Jew is the sole enemy," ended with the singing of the Horst Wessel.

One French delegate named Cavallier has set up here a "private" museum in honour of Hitler.

Fischer Holds World Champ. Tal, to Draw

LEIPZIG. — The 17-year-old American chess player Bobby Fischer yesterday drew with world champion Mikhail Tal as the American and Soviet chess teams met in the fifth and final round of the Leipzig Chess Olympics. Russia beat the U.S. by 2½-1½.

Russia ended the evening's play with a two to one lead over America with one game adjourned.

Position of leading teams after yesterday's play were: Russia 15, U.S. 13, Yugoslavia 11, West Germany 10½, Argentina 10.

Leaders in the second finalist group, competing for places 13 to 24 were: Israel 13½, Sweden 13, Finland 11.

(Reuter, UPI)

Mintoff Supporters Clash with Police

VALETTA (Reuter). — One person was slightly injured yesterday in a scuffle between police and a large crowd outside the court here where Mr. Dom Mintoff, leader of the Malta Labour Party, faced a charge of public incitement.

A riot squad armed with batons and shields, who were among hundreds of police cordoning the court, charged Labour Party supporters crowding the area. This is said to have taken place after police were stoned in front of the court.

UK Labour Picks Leader Today

LONDON (Reuter).—The outcome of Mr. Harold Wilson's bid to oust Mr. Hugh Gaitskell from the leadership of the Labour Party will be known today.

The contest, by secret ballot of the 252 Labour Members of Parliament, will take place at a party caucus.

It is expected that Mr. Gaitskell, 55, will defeat Mr. Wilson, 44, by a considerable margin.

Stiff Turkish Terms For Five Israelis

ISTANBUL (Reuter). — Five Israelis were found guilty by a court at Silifke, South Turkey, Tuesday, of fishing inside Turkish territorial waters, and were each sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

An Israel Consulate spokesman said yesterday that the Israelis would appeal the sentence.

The five — Captain Rafael Paldi and his crew — consisting of Stefan Shpielman, Mati Rosenzweig, Meir Sharabi and Yehuda Cohen — were also sentenced to three years' exile within Turkey.

They first appeared in court last December after being arrested the previous September aboard their boat, the Snunit, off southern Turkey.

They have denied the charge against them, saying they were 10 miles offshore when arrested.

The trial which ended Tuesday was held by order of the Ankara Appeal Court, which quashed an earlier sentence of one year's imprisonment, passed on each of the accused by the Silifke Court.

Ordering the retrial, the Appeal Court judge said that if the boat had indeed been caught within territorial waters, the fishermen should be given stiffer sentences.

The Israel Consulate spokesman said yesterday that it would probably be three months before the latest appeal could be heard in Ankara.

SURPRISING SEVERITY

POST Diplomatic Reporter

Foreign Ministry circles in Jerusalem yesterday expressed surprise at the severity of the sentences against the fishermen, particularly since only a technical offence had been involved.

The crossing into Turkish territorial waters by the trawler Snunit was never actually proved, the Israel fishermen claimed. According to Turkish law, this offence comes under the heading of smuggling, for which the minimum sentence has been raised to five years, following a recent revision of the law.

The five fishermen have now been under arrest in Turkey for more than one year, and would be free by now had the prosecution not appealed the original one-year sentence as lenient.

The Ministry of Agriculture, whose Fishing Department is directly in charge of the Snunit, in conjunction with the Foreign Ministry is expected to take all necessary measures to ease the lot of the Israel fishermen.

Mitropoulos, 64, Dies Of Stroke in Milan

MILAN (Reuter). — The Greek conductor and composer, Dimitri Mitropoulos, died here yesterday of a stroke. He was 64.

Mitropoulos was in Milan to conduct a series of concerts. He collapsed at the La Scala Opera House while rehearsing Mahler's Third Symphony. He died on the way to hospital.

Dimitri Mitropoulos was born in Athens and studied both in Athens and Berlin.

After a series of successful concerts throughout Europe, he made his American debut with the Boston Symphony Orchestra in 1936. He held other posts in the U.S. before becoming principal conductor of the New York Philharmonic Orchestra.

Mitropoulos came to Israel in 1956 and conducted the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra for an entire month.

Ministerial Group Meets on 'Affair'

POST Political Correspondent

TEL AVIV. — The Ministerial Committee established earlier this week to study the "Lavon Affair" is scheduled to meet here for the first time today.

The seven-man Committee must establish its own terms of reference. It is generally considered that the political atmosphere has cleared in the past few days, and the group can hope to get off to a good start.

Mrs. Meir Reports To Knesset Committee

The Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, yesterday reported to the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee on the recent U.N. General Assembly session.

Mrs. Meir reported on the changes which have taken place in the composition of the U.N., the relations of various countries and their U.N. representatives with Israel, and Israel's stand on questions which were on the agenda of this meeting.

GAZIT CALLS AT STATE DEPARTMENT

WASHINGTON (INA).—The Israel Ambassador, Mr. Avraham Harman, called on Assistant Secretary of State Foy D. Kohler on Tuesday to introduce Mr. Mordechai Gazit, the new Minister of the Embassy.

Japan Socialist Chief's Killer Takes Own Life

TOKYO. — Otoya Yamaguchi, 17 year-old student who assassinated the Japanese Socialist leader last month, last night hanged himself, police announced here.

Yamaguchi, son of a Defence Force colonel, leaped from a group of heckling ultra-rightists onto the platform of a public hall, where the Socialist leader, Inejiro Asanuma, was making a political speech, and stabbed him twice with a Japanese samurai short sword in full view of the horrified audience which included Prime Minister Hayato Ikeda.

Police said last night that Yamaguchi hanged himself with a towel in his cell at a juvenile reformatory in Tokyo, where he had been taken earlier in the day from the Prosecutor's office to be tried.

Yamaguchi had been arrested nine times for acts of violence. He had been expelled from the ultra-nationalist Greater Japan Patriotic Party because he was "too violently extremist" and then joined the All-Japan Anti-Communist League.

(Reuter, AP)

UN Head in Congo Flies to New York

LEOPOLDVILE (AP). — Mr. Rajeshwar Dayal, head of the U.N. Congo mission, was summoned to New York yesterday by Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold.

Mr. Dayal was scheduled to fly to Brussels last night, carrying a report on mounting obstacles in the path of the international organization.

His trip coincides with a planned publication by Mr. Hammarskjold of a special U.N. progress report on its first three months in the Congo.

Mr. Dayal will also report on the firm opposition by Pro-Western Congolese leaders to Afro-Asian efforts to bring about a reconciliation between them and the deposed Communist-leaning ex-Premier, Mr. Patrice Lumumba.

Both President Joseph Kasavubu and the army head, Col. Joseph Mobutu, have warned the U.N. they will not cooperate with a 15-nation Afro-Asian Committee scheduled to arrive in the Congo to help mend the nation's political rift.

Only supporters of Mr. Lumumba have thus far approved the proposal to let the Afro-Asian group patch up the quarrels among the Congolese politicians.

In Brussels, the Belgian Government has protested to Mr. Hammarskjold about statements on Belgian education in the Congo made by his chief deputy.

More Rain Today

Jerusalem Post Staff

The rains which brought an abrupt end to summer yesterday will continue this morning, occasionally accompanied by thunderstorms. A partial clearing is expected towards noon, the weatherman said last night.

Although shopkeepers welcomed the turn in the weather as a chance to start moving winter stock, farmers viewed it with mixed feelings. The downpour caught them in the midst of their winter sowing schedule, which traditionally continues until mid-November.

Continued early and heavy rains could disrupt sowing and even endanger some fields with premature germination of the seeds.

Citrus farmers were also worried that the hail and wind gusts might further reduce the already meager export crop anticipated for this year.

In Tel Aviv, Allenby, Salame and Herzl Roads became flooded following the violent thunderstorm which broke over the city at noon. Gusts of wind were strong enough at times to tear down sun awnings. Damage, however, was generally slight.

The cloud seeding programme of the Meteorological Service, which was due to start this week, was postponed for a fortnight for technical reasons. Once initiated, the programme will be implemented continuously, regardless of weather conditions.

In the north, lightning disrupted the power supply for short periods to a number of settlements in Upper Galilee and to Safad. In Haifa port, there were intermittent halts in work because of the rain.

Rain in Beersheba was preceded by a brief and violent standstorm at noon which temporarilly reduced visibility in the city to nil. Rain fell in the Negev until about 10 o'clock last night as far east as Dimona and as far south at Mitzpe Ramon.

Late yesterday evening, it was reported that the bridge over Wadi Shalal, near Ofakim, had been flooded and was closed to traffic. At km. 35, north of Beersheba, near Shuval, a tanker went off the road into the soft mud. No one was injured. Beersheba police set out with heavy equipment last night to extricate the vehicle.

French Religious Heads To Plead Algerian Truce

16 Face Trial Today For Colon Revolt

PARIS (Reuter). — The most dramatic trial in recent French political history opens at noon today when 16 Frenchmen appear before the Paris military court accused of taking part in the abortive European revolt in Algiers last January.

They are charged with acts against the internal security of the state, building street barricades and defiance of the police. If convicted, they face banishment to "a fortified precinct."

One of the chief accused is Pierre Lagaillarde, 29-year-old Algiers Deputy and lawyer, who led the storming of the Government building in Algiers during the May 1958 coup which led to General de Gaulle's return to power. Less than two years later, the red-bearded ex-paratroop officer and one-time student leader was in the forefront of another revolt in Algiers, this time aimed against Gen. de Gaulle.

With Joseph Ortiz, 43-year-old cafe proprietor who is one of our people being tried in their absence, he is alleged to have led demonstrations against the sacking by President de Gaulle of paratroop General Jacques Massu, hero of the 1958 revolt and military and civil Governor of Algiers.

'Terriers' Joined In

Part-time territorials called out to control the demonstrators in fact joined them, and while Ortiz established a headquarters in a bank building, Lagaillarde took over the university backed by a hard core of armed followers.

In Algiers, there were signs of official nervousness yesterday, with the eagerly-awaited speech by President de Gaulle only 48 hours away.

Six vanloads of police with radio-controlled jeeps parked outside the Government Building all the morning while M. Paul Delouvrier, Chief Government Representative here, drove into the town for ceremonies held annually at various war memorials.

Police precautions held up traffic for an hour and a half in the town.

Further security precautions are expected today as the trial opens in Paris.

Students at Algiers University have called a strike at the university for this morning and declared their support of the men on trial in a communique.

Algerian Rebels Say Arabs Don't Help

The Algerian rebel regime's representative in Amman, Abdul Rahman Akoul, complained to the Lebanese press on Tuesday that the Arab countries have failed to honour their pledges to give the rebels monetary help. This was reported yesterday by the Israel radio's Arabic service, quoting the Beirut paper, "El Khayat."

U.S. LABOUR SUPPORT

NEW YORK (Reuter). — The powerful U.S. labour movement yesterday threw its support behind an Algerian bid for a U.N.-supervised referendum on the future of Algeria.

In a letter to the Union Generalle des Travailleurs Algeriens, Mr. George Meany, President of the American AFL-CIO, said the body urged "every member state to support this democratic and peaceful solution" in the U.N. General Assembly.

Selassie Marks 30 Years on Throne

ADDIS ABABA (Reuter). — A 21-gun salute and the pealing of church bells mingled with the singing of crowds thousands strong here as Emperor Haile Selassie yesterday celebrated the 30th anniversary of his coronation.

The Emperor attended St. George's Church here and then drove to address parliament, announcing there that elections would be held in a few months.

Meeting de Gaulle Today

By MAURICE CARR, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — President de Gaulle will today receive a delegation of France's supreme religious leaders — Catholic, Protestant, Jewish and Moslem — who will urge the head of state to make every effort to achieve a truce in Algeria "as soon as possible."

The delegation is calling on the President on the eve of his radio-television address tomorrow.

It is expected Gen. de Gaulle will respond favourably to this plea, presented "in the name of God and humanity." Some observers even believe the initiative in this matter, taken by Pastor Boegner of the Protestant Church, received the blessing of — if it was not actually prompted by — Gen. de Gaulle's entourage a week ago.

Be that as it may, it is conceivable that if Gen. de Gaulle calls for a truce — implying a stand-still order to the combatants in Algeria as distinct from a cease-fire entailing the laying down of and surrender of weapons by the rebels to the French — the Premier of the "Algerian Provisional Government," Ferhat Abbas, will willingly come to Paris for talks.

Such a development would be strictly in conformity with the President's oft-repeated stipulation that discussions can start "only after the throat-cutting has stopped."

As for the insurgent demand of guarantees for a future referendum on self-determination, this could be satisfied by a promise of the presence of observers from the Black African states who are members of the French Community.

There is a glimmer of hope here — it is no more than a glimmer after so many previous disappointments — that the "last chance" will be seized to establish peace before Algeria becomes involved in the East-West cold war, possibly even a hot war, through Sino-Soviet intervention in the course of which, among other things, the present insurgent leaders are likely to be overwhelmed by events and swept into oblivion.

Salisbury Chief Justice Forms Anti-Gov't Party

SALISBURY, Southern Rhodesia (AP). — Sir Robert Tredgold, who resigned as the Rhodesian Federation's Chief Justice to lead a new political party, told a press conference yesterday: "The people of Southern Rhodesia have lost confidence in Prime Minister Sir Edgar Whitehead."

Sir Robert, who will head the "National Front" political group aimed at arresting deteriorating race relations in the Central African Federation, added: "The Africans especially have lost confidence in Whitehead — almost beyond the point of no return. And the same applies to many Whites."

Sir Robert resigned as Chief Justice after disagreeing with the Government's introduction of the Law and Order bill which gives police sweeping powers to deal with any attempt to stir up racial troubles in the colony. He favours more cooperation with Africans and an "understanding" of their aspirations.

Nigeria Rebuffs Soviet 'Bullying'

LAGOS (Reuter). — The Prime Minister of Nigeria, Sir Abubakar Balewa, said yesterday "We will not be bullied" by Soviet demands.

He told a press conference that the leader of the Soviet delegation to Nigeria's independence celebrations last month, Mr. Jacob Malik, had given him a letter from Prime Minister Khrushchev which had "insisted on opening an embassy forthwith."

"I told him protocol must be followed and we would consider the application in the proper form. We have just now received a letter from the Soviet Ambassador to Ghana making a formal request which is being considered . . ."

6 Bulgarian Agents Arrested in Greece

ATHENS (Reuter). — Six persons said to be "agents of the Bulgarian intelligence service," who had been operating in norther Greece, have been arrested, it was officially announced last night.

Four Bonn Battalions Moving into France

NANCY (AP). — Four battalions of West German soldiers began crossing the French frontier by train yesterday, en route to training manoeuvres near sites where Germans battled the French in two world wars.

The 2,300 troops — two paratroop and two armoured infantry battalions — filled 10 trains that took two routes to training camps at Sissonne and Mourmelon. They are scheduled to arrive today.

French railway officials were reluctant to give information about the train routes to avoid incidents. Some villagers along the way had threatened demonstrations, but the frontier crossing began without incident.

A vanguard of 200 German soldiers arrived last week to set up the camps.

The troops have been granted training facilities in France through NATO.

The French bases at Sissone and Mourmelon flank the cathedral city of Rheims, 100 kms. east of Paris. The area is the scene of some of the bitterest fighting between French and German troops in both world wars.

ENVOY TO CUBA

HAVANA (AP). — Mr. Jonathan Prato, Israel's Minister to Cuba, presented his credentials to President Osvaldo Dorticos in a brief ceremony yesterday.

Thank Heavens It's Raining

The ground is wet and soon the mushrooms will sprout. But you can save yourself the trouble of going into the woods to collect them — Telma Mushroom Soup is just around the corner at your grocer's.

Like all Telma — Blue Band — products it is made of choice ingredients. A treat for your and your family. (Advt.)

With deep sorrow we announce the sudden death in New York of our dear mother and grandmother

FANNY KATZ ז"ל

widow of the late Dr. Yakov Katz, at the age of 79. A native of Berezovka, Russia, she lived many years in Brody, Poland.

The mourners:

Her son, David Katz, Engineer, and family, in Israel.

Her daughters: Dr. Tamara and Dr. Andre Ballerd, New York. Raissa and Dr. Shaul Weintraub, Sydney, Australia

Her grandchildren, family and relatives.

Notice to the Public

Anti-Aircraft Practice

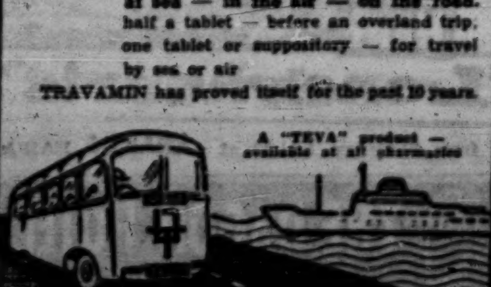
A series of anti-aircraft exercises will take place today, Thursday, Nov. 3 within the framework of Army training exercises.

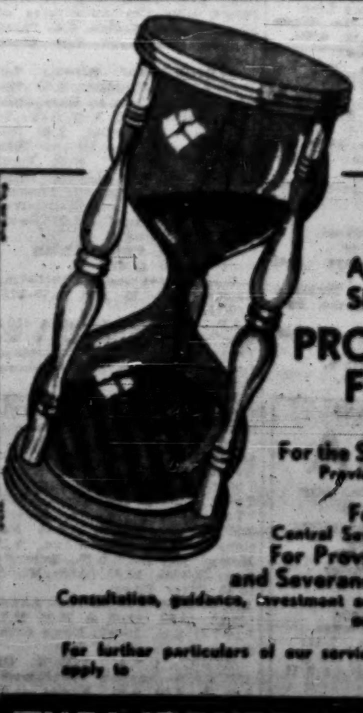
Closely built-up areas will be duly notified by the appropriate regional authority concerning the time of AA practice in each area.

In Tel Aviv AA guns will be fired on the following date:

Today, Thursday, November 3, between 11 a.m.—1 p.m.

Pharmacists recommend
TRAVAMIN
against TRAVEL-SICKNESS
at sea — in the air — on the road.
half a tablet — before an overland trip,
one tablet or suppository — for travel by sea or air
TRAVAMIN has proved itself for the past 10 years.
A "TEVA" product — available at all pharmacies





AT YOUR SERVICE
PROVIDENT FUNDS
For the Self-Employed.
Provident Fund for the Self-Employed
For Employers.
Central Severance Pay Fund
For Provident, Pension and Severance Pay Funds.
Consultation, guidance, investment and supervision by our trust company.
For further particulars of our services and activities, apply to
THE WORKERS BANK
BRANCHES THROUGHOUT ISRAEL

Social & Personal

The President yesterday received Mr. Eliahu Dobkin, of the Jewish Agency Executive.

Mrs. Rahel Ben-Zvi on Tuesday received Mrs. Helen Reid, mother of the American Ambassador.

•

The Minister of Health, Mr. Yisrael Barzilai, yesterday gave a luncheon in honour of the Nepalese Minister of Health, Mr. Kashinat Gautam, and his assistant, Mr. Krishna Gautam. Among the guests were the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, the Minister of Social Welfare, Mr. Moshe Haim Shapiro; Mr. A. Wilbor, of the U.S. Operations Mission; and senior Government officials.

•

The new Netherlands Ambassador, Baron Willem J. J. Gevers, yesterday paid courtesy calls on the Speaker of the Knesset; the President of the Supreme Court; the Ministers of Transport, Labour, and Social Welfare; and the Governor of the Bank of Israel.

•

Mr. Patrick Francis Hancock, the British Ambassador, and Mr. G. Feast, Commercial Secretary of the Embassy, toured the permanent exhibition of the Manufacturers Association on Tuesday.

•

The Executive of Kupat Holim on Monday gave a farewell luncheon for the American Labour Attaché and Mrs. Dale Good, at Beilinson Hospital.

•

The Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Bank Leumi, Dr. Yeshayahu Foerder, entertained Mr. Louis H. Boyar, the Los Angeles builder and philanthropist, at luncheon yesterday.

•

Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Sieff and Mrs. Betty de Vigier, all of London, visited the Hebrew University yesterday and were received by Mr. Edward Gelber, Chairman of the University's Executive Council.

•

Mr. Max Seligman, Chairman of the Israel and British Commonwealth Association, and Mrs. Seligman gave a reception at their home in Tel Aviv on Tuesday for Lord Boothby. Among those present were the Minister of Police, and the British, Ghanaian and Liberian Ambassadors.

•

A Nahla honouring the Denver, Colorado, philanthropist and communal leader, Mr. Adolph Kiesler, was dedicated by the Jewish National Fund yesterday at Kfar Truman.

•

Prof. Eugene I. Falstein, of the Chicago Medical School and the Institute for Psychosomatic and Psychiatric Research and Training of the Michael Reese Hospital, Chicago, will lecture on "Psychopathology in Adolescence and Juvenile Delinquency," at 7.45 tonight, in Lecture Hall "A" of the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School.

CINEMAS

JERUSALEM

3.30, 7, 9 p.m.

CHEN: The F.B.I. Story (6.45, 9.15).
EDEN: The Scapegoat.
EDISON: The Story of G. I. Joe.
HABIRAH: They Were Ten.
JERUSALEM: Vergiss Mein Nicht.
OR GIL: On The Beach (3.30, 6.45, 9).
ORION: Conspiracy of Hearts (also at 10.30 a.m.).
ORNA: One Foot in Hell.
RON: The Paradine Case.
SEMADAR: Imitation of Life.
STUDIO: Room at the Top.
TEL OR: Le Loups dans la Bergerie.
ZION: The Five Pennies.

TEL AVIV

3.30, 7.15, 9.15 p.m.

ALLENBY: They Came to Cordura (3.30, 7.15, 9.30).
ARMON DAVID: Blazing Sands.
BEN-YEHUDA: Mi Ultimo Tango (4, 7.15, 9.30).
CHEN: The Passionate Stranger (3.30, 7.15, 9.30).
EDEN: Love and Pleasure.
ESTHER: Home from the Hill.
GAT: Pimpernel Smith (4, 7.30, 9.30).
HOD: Il Generale Dela Rovere (3.30, 7.15, 9.30).
MAXIM: Family Secret.
MIGDALOR: Scampolo (3.30, 7.15, 9.30).
MOGRABI: All the Young Men (3.30, 7.15, 9.30).
OPHIR: Five Branded Women.
ORION: A Summer Place.
PARIS: Le Miroir a Deux Faces.
PEER: Ashes and Diamonds.
RAMAT GAN: Operation Petticoat.
SDEROTH: Love is a Many Splendored Thing.
TAMAR: Revolt in the Women's Prison (10, 12, 2, 4, 7.15, 9.15).
TCHELET: The African Lion.
TEL AVIV: Wake Me When It's Over (3.30, 7.15, 9.30).
YARON: The Apartment.
ZAFON: Le Chemin Des Ecoliers.

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: The Jayhawkers.
ARMON: Ballad of a Soldier.
ATZMON: A Summer Place (6.45, 9.15 p.m.)
EN DOR: Steel Bayonet (6.45, 9 p.m.)
GAL OR: High Hell.
MAY: Operation Petticoat.
MIRON: Blazing Sands.
MORIAH: The Mouse that Roared.
ORAH: Ballet in Pink Tights.
ORION: Goliath and the Barbarians.
ORLY: The Mating Game (6.45, 9 p.m.)
PEER: Beyond this Place.
TAMAR: Rear Window.

ISRAEL NATIONAL
OPERA
1 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv
Air-conditioned
Premieres of the sparkling musical show
KISS ME KATE
Music: Cole Porter
Book: Sam & Bella Spewack
Produced by
Edis De-Philippe
Conductor: B. Parnes
Sat., Nov. 5; Mon., 7/11; Wed., 9/11; Sat., 12/11
HAIFA: Armon, tonight 3/11
AIDA
[illegible]
8/11; 15/11; 29/11.
All perfs. start at 8.30.
Tickets at the Box Office [illegible] Pua, Ramat Gan; "Nova" and Grauberger, Haifa.

A Kibbutz in France

By MAURICE CARR, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS.—Frenchmen no longer need go to Israel to see a real kibbutz — one has existed here since last spring in Pardailhan, in the Cevennes.

Pardailhan was one of France's 250 deserted villages until Vincent Thibout, a Parisian, decided to establish there a collective settlement modelled closely on an Israel kibbutz, where he had spent 18 months.

Most of the 22 families, totalling 80 persons, who founded France's first — and non-Jewish — kibbutz are interrelated; all are townsfolk — engineers, artisans, factory workers, clerks, etc. — who have never had experience of farming and yet are doing well in reclaiming 436 hectares of wilderness.

Their first harvest proved profitable. Moreover, a clothing factory for domestic consumption and outside sale has been installed.

The babies are kept in their nursery the whole time, while children three years old and up sleep in dormitories.

"Le Figaro" this week devoted almost an entire page to a report on the kibbutz under the heading "Astonishing Human Adventure," accompanied by photographs, one of which naturally shows the communal dining hall.

At first glance, it looks like an Hapoel Hamizrahi kibbutz as the women wear kerchiefs, but the menfolk are bareheaded with a sort of Mapamish air.

"Le Figaro" concludes its article with the comment: "If it proves successful, this new social unit will provide a lesson of the highest importance."

Bargain Day at Jaffa Lock-Up

By ZE'EV SCHUL,
Jerusalem Post Reporter

JAFFA. — Bargains offered at Tuesday's monthly auction of unclaimed articles included solid gold-cased wrist watches at IL18 apiece; serviceable bicycles from IL20 and up, a goat and a donkey — both very much alive. The sale was held by the police in the courtyard of the old Turkish prison.

Veritable treasures, stored in the safes and offices and unclaimed to date, include several thousand pounds in cash (accumulated during the past three weeks) — a solid gold (eighty grammes) wrist bracelet and a rare collection of silver cigarette lighters, genuine pearl necklaces and rings.

Items found by the police —which account for the most valuable ones — must be auctioned off at the end of the three-month period; police officers cannot claim them, as an ordinary finder might.

One of the collectors' pieces still waiting to be claimed either by its owner — or the finder, who will be entitled to it after a three month period — is one of the first mass-produced typewriters, a Mignon AEG, circa 1885-1890, in an excellent state of repair. The machine functions on a revolving drum principle.

Restoring lost items to their owners often involves the police in complicated sleuthing jobs. Many people prefer to leave their goods unclaimed, like the religious dignitary whose suitcase was found to contain a wide selection of gaudy earings and other baubles obviously not intended for his relatives.

One tourist's suitcase was traced through his diary, in which he mentioned having attended a wedding in Kfar Yehoshua. A careful check disclosed his identity and the police were able to send him all his lost possessions, including a very expensive fountain pen.

One of the main contributors of lost items are the bus cooperatives. The number of items returned to them as 'unclaimed' after a three-month period fills two large storerooms of the company. Stacks of sunglasses, pens and other items are sold by Egged at regular six-month auctions.

Acting Middle East Head of D.L.F. Named

WASHINGTON (USIS). — Mr. Arthur M. McGlauflin has been appointed Acting Regional Director of the American Fund for Development Loans (D.L.F.), in the Middle East. He was, until recently, Deputy Director of the International Department of the American Budget Office in Washington.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

THURSDAY

All Times Local Time

ARRIVALS: El Al 102 from Johannesburg — 0400. B.O.A.C. 303 from Teheran—1320. T.W.A. 800 from Chicago, New York, Paris, Rome and Athens—1825. KLM 525 from Amsterdam and Rome —1535. El Al 206 from New York, Paris and Rome — 1840. B.E.A. 126 from London, Rome and Athens — 2055. Air France 127 from Teheran — 2150. Cyprus Air 82 from London, Rome Istanbul, Ankara and Nicosia — 2325. El Al 426 from London and Zurich — 0155 (Friday).

DEPARTURES: Sabena 538 to Athens, Vienna and Brussels — 0520. Swissair 331 to Athens, Geneva and Zurich — 0700. El Al 425 to Zurich and London — 0830. Alitalia 451 to Rome — 0910. Olympic 603 to Athens — 0930. B.O.A.C. 303 to Geneva and London — 1000. El Al 207 to Athens, Paris and New York — 1530. Cyprus Air 07 to Nicosia, Athens, Munich and London — 2210. Air France 127 to Rome and Paris — 2250.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME

523, 256.4, 249 & 230 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.05, 7.00 and 7.55 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 10.00 p.m.

English: 2.00 p.m. **French:** 2.15 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock. 6.58 Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Popular Concert: Berlioz: Overture "Les Francs Juges"; Kozeluh: Concerto in C for Bassoon and Orchestra; Mozart: Divertimento in B-flat major, K. 270; Handel: Overture "Samson." 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.30 Schumann: "Carnaval," played by Serge Rachmaninoff (Piano). 1.00 Lunchtime Music. 1.45 Where to Go? 2.30 Close Down.

4.00 Special Foreign Language Programme. 5.05 Programme Announcements on Commercial wavelength. 5.06 Popular Concert — Delibes: Excerpts from "Coppelia"; Schubert: Serenade. 5.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 "Youth Corner." 6.30 The Weekly Summary of the Daily Mishna Reading, by Dr. Y. Moriel. 6.45 Musical Interlude. 6.20 Sports. 7.20 "The Week at the Knesset." 7.50 Talk by Y. Mimon. 8.00 M. Davis — the 20th Century Trumpeter — ed. by Y. Ben-Porath & Y. Arieh. 8.50 Bible Reading: Shoftim, Chaps. 19 & 20. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 "Generation via Generation." 10.00 Gideon Shamir (Piano) — Moussorgsky: "Pictures at an Exhibition." 10.30 "The Treasury of Jazz, Recordings from the European Jazz Festival. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

460, 297.7, 422 & 33.3 M.

Commercial Programme: 5.00 News. 5.05 Opening Announcements. 5.06 Melodies. 5.35 Oriental Songs. 6.00 Weather Forecast. 6.04 Jazz. 6.15 Hebrew Songs. 6.30 The Adventures of Ellery Queen, Sketch. 6.45 "Star of the Evening." 7.00 Close Down.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Mograbit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News in English. 9.15 Polish. 9.30 Rumanian. 9.45 Hungarian. 10.00 "Literary Corner." 10.25 Vocal Recital by Mitzi Locker (Soprano) — Gretchaninoff, Dvorak. 10.45 Cimarosa — Malipierro: "Da Cimarosiana." 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME

497 & 47.3 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m. 1.15-2.15. 3.30-11.15 p.m.

KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA (33.3 M.): Programme to the U. K.: 10.15 News. 10.25 "Editorial Opinion." 10.35 Easy Hebrew Conversation.

Programme to South Africa: 6.45 News. 6.55 Editorial Opinion. 7.05 Afrikaans Programme.

ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 225 and 395 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.03 Request Programme. 6.40 Songs. 7.00 News. 7.10 Worth Listening To. 7.30 Bow and Arrow; 8.00 "The Voice & the Instrument." 8.30 "Army Diary." 8.45 Nations' Songs. 9.00 News. 9.15 Merry Rhythm. 9.30 Excerpts from Operas. 10.00 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: (25.12, 13.92, 19.46 & 16.96 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Comment. On the Light Side.

MUSIC U.S.A. VOICE OF AMERICA—English Programme: 3.00 & 4.00 a.m. News; U.N. In Action: That Day's Proceedings of the U.N. 5.00 News; Opinion Today. Selected editorials from the Press of the U.S. 7.00 & 8.00 News: Opinion Today. Selected Editorials from the Press of the U.S. 8.30 p.m. News: New Horizons in Science. Interview with Nobel Prize Winner, Dr. Frank Macfarlane Burnett. 3.00 News: Report to Middle East. Interview, with Chief Near East Div. 4.00 News: New Horizons in Science. Interview, with Nobel Prize Winner, Dr. Frank Macfarlane Burnett. 5.00 News: Report to M.E. Interview with Chief Near E. Div. 5.30 Listeners' Log, Open 6.30 Forum: Education (Perspective) Aspects of American History. 7.00 News in Special English. Popular English. Music, U.S.A. 8.00 News in Special English, Pete & Conte Candoli. Music, U.S.A. 9.00 News: Press Opinion, U.S.A. Editorial viewpoint from the U.S. Press. 9.30 Forum: Education (Perspective) Aspects of American History. 10.00 News: Press Opinion, U.S.A. Viewpoint from the U.S. Press.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING CORPORATION — English Programme (434 & 495 M.) **News:** 7.30 a.m., 2.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m.

7.45 a.m. The Coca Cola Programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Emergency. 9.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 Felix King. 10.30 B.B.C. Bandstand. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Teller of Tales. 12.00 Midday Melodies. 2.15 p.m. "The Name is Shane." 5.30 "Yours Sincerely." 6.45 The Lanitis Programme. 7.45 Strange Stories of the Sea. 8.15 Vera Lengyel (Piano). 10.00 Vanished Without Trace. 10.15 Stars of Song. 10.30 Danger Point.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Moriah, Bakaa Moriah, 23431.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Michlin, 112 Allenby, 63256. Nordau, 163 Ben Yehuda, 42672. Greenberg, 46 King George, 26208. Kitelwitz, 22 Hayarkon, 63566. **JAFFA:** Briut, 6 no. 3 St., 82533. **BAT YAM:** Shulamit, 4 Daniel. **HOLON:** Ribek, Kikar Struma. **PETAH TIKVA:** Hayarkon, 24 Stempfer. **RAMAT GAN:** Lifschitz, 71771. **REHOVOT:** Levin "Hanegev," 196 Herzl, 95-1245. **HAIFA:** Rashi, 36 Bar-Giora, 63266.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Kertka, 14 Saadia Gaon, 33366. Dr. Zepler, Mahane Allenby, 28/B Me'on Akademaim. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi. **TEL AVIV:** Dr. Eisen, 5 Shimshon, 25748. Dr. Garman, 25 Frishman, corner 30 Syrkin. Dr. Weiss, 73 Dizengoff, 27027. Dr. Mahler, 59 Arlosoroff, 51300. Dr. Simon, 43 Keren Kayemet. **HAIFA:** Dr. Sherman, 3 Hanevi'im, 2468.

MONTGOMERY CLIFT ROBERT RYAN MYRNA LOY DOLORES HART
"Some wives cheat because their husbands do..."
UNITED ARTISTS
"Lonelyhearts"
As from Saturday, 5.11.60 at ARMON HAIFA

THE DAGON HOTEL
Ashkelon, Tel. 148
Our rain insurance in full swing again

Immigrants Come Straight to Eilat

Jerusalem Post Reporter

EILAT. — Fifteen new immigrant families, totalling 48 persons, arrived in Eilat Tuesday from Nice, after only a change of planes in Lydda. They are the vanguard of the 200 families expected to be flown directly from Europe to Eilat by Passover.

Jewish Agency officials in Italy had selected the candidates for Eilat from among the potential immigrants awaiting transportation in Naples.

A chartered Swissair plane brought them to Lydda Airport, where they boarded two Arkia Dakotas for the Eilat hop. On arrival, a bus took them straight to Philip Murray House, where they were given light refreshment and put through an assembly line of formalities — police, immigration, health, customs. At the end of the line, they signed receipts for their apartments and a water contract, boarded trucks with their baggage and were taken to their new homes in family groups.

The flats — brand new and air-conditioned — are of two rooms each, with an area of 55 sq.m. Each flat contains beds, bedding, a table, stools, icebox, stove, basic kitchen utensils, and a week's supply of staple foodstuffs.

In the evening, the Municipality arranged a get-acquainted meeting between the newcomers and their neighbours, and yesterday morning they lined up at the Labour Exchange to be assigned jobs.

Local firms, particularly the copper mines, the Port, Solel Boneh, the hotels and the diamond polishers, are short of staff and have promised on-the-job training to all comers.

Soviet Scientist Denies Centrifuge Atom 'New'

MOSCOW (AP). — Soviet scientist, Prof. V. Emelyanov, wrote in "Pravda" that "cheap atom production in (West) Germany is not a new idea but is being publicized now as propaganda in preparing for the nuclear arming of the Bundeswehr."

Prof. Emelyanov, Chairman of the Soviet Atomic Energy Commission, declared:

"Invention of the method of separating isotopes of uranium with the help of centrifuges was presented as a new method, although all specialists well know that this method is not new and not at all cheap."

Where to go

JERUSALEM

- **Yiddish Theatre:** — S. Dzigan in "Frisch, Gesund und Meshugga," Edison, 9.
- **Tours:** — Hadassah club is closed. Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily. Downstairs Lobby. Wise Auditorium, University Campus. Yad Vashem: Martyrs and Heroes Memorial Authority, Har Hazikaron. Conducted tour (English) of the buildings and exhibition, 10-11.30, 4-6.
- **Jerusalem Chamber Music:** — Claremont String Quartet, Wise Auditorium, 8.30.
- **Film Shows:** — Israel films — daily showings. Keren Hayesod Hall. 12-1 p.m.
- **Exhibitions:** — Jerusalem Artists House with Municipality Dept. of Education and Culture: An exhibition of hand prints. Today: 10-1; 4-7. Nora Art Gallery, 9 Maimon Ave., Tel. 22849. Exhibition of gouaches by Nahum Kook. Paintings by Mayo, Matuchek, Modzelewich. Daily 10-1, 3-6. Fima — Exhibition of oils and gouaches 1958-60, Rina Gallery, 13 Rehov Shlomsion Hamalka, Tel. 23528. 9-1, 4-7; 9-11.30. Safrai Art Gallery, 37 Jaffa Rd. Tel. 28737. Purchases mailed upon request. 8-1; 3-7. "Israel Today", permanent exhibition. Binyanei Ha'ooma. 10-1; 4-6. Bezalel National Museum: Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. Archaeological objects African Art — from the Collection of Mr. Samuel Dubiner. Jewish Textiles — from the Museum's collection. German prints of the 16th century — from the Museum's Collection. 9-1; 3.30-5. Bezalel Art Library: Books on primitive modern painting (from Henri Rousseau to Camille Bombois). New acquisitions. 9-1; 3.30-6. Archaeological Museum, Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. New exhibitions: colour plates of UNESCO books, "Israel — Ancient mosaics." New coin hoard of Alexander. Excavations at Tel Mor, Mezad Hashavyahu. Pottery brought from Lake Tiberias by the Link expedition. Also permanent exhibition of antiquities. 9-1; 3.30-5.
- **Zoo:** — Jerusalem Biblical Zoo: 8-5.30.

TEL AVIV

- **Z.O.A. House:** — Second T.V. Debate: Kennedy-Nixon at 7 and 9. Tourist Service (9 a.m.—9 p.m.) daily.
- **Paris Ice Ballet:** — Kikar Hamedina, 4.30, 8.30.
- **Dine and Dance:** — Delphin Bar, 16 Sholem Aleichem. Exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 22978.
- **Tours:** — Bar Ilan University: conducted tours (9-5 daily, except Saturdays and holidays). Tel. 72880.
- **Tourist Service:** — Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 23239. Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825, 8 a.m.-2 p.m.
- **Zoological Gardens:** — Open 8 a.m.—6 p.m. daily.
- **Exhibitions:** — Museum Haaretz: Ancient Glass Exhibition (near Ramat Aviv), 10-5. Tel Aviv Museum: Dizengoff House: — Avraham Naton Memorial Exhibition, examples from all periods of his paintings. 10-1, 4-7. Helena Rubinstein Pavilion, E. Sigard, paintings and gouaches. From the collection of Israel Art. 10-1; 4-7. Exhibition of paintings of famous Jewish painters: Gottlieb, Hirszenberg, Kaufmann, Pasternak and others, Z.O.A. House 10-1; 4-8. Israel Painters and Sculptors Association; New Members' Exhibition, Artists Pavilion, 9 Rehov Alharizi, 10-1; 4-7.

HAIFA

- **Tourist Centre:** — Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Offices, 22 Hehalutz, Tel. 4876. 67955.
- **Exhibitions:** — Jubilee Exhibition of Jerusalem Painter, Shmuel Levi. Chagall House, 24 Shderot UNO, 10-1, 4-7, daily except Fridays. Museum of Japanese Art, 89 Sderot Hanassi. New special Loan Exhibition from Japan, Hokusai and the 35 Views of Mt. Fuji. 10-1, 4-7. Office Furniture and Supplies Exhibition, Nov. 1 — Dec. 1. Beit Hakranot Exhibition Centre: daily, 10-1; 4-7, Tuesday open until 9 p.m. Friday, 1 p.m. Entrance free.

BEERSHEBA

- **Where to Dine:** — Eat well and in comfort at the air-conditioned Beit Ha'am Restaurant, Sheber Community Centre.

HOLON

- **Theatre:** — Ohel: "The Good Soldier Schweik," Armon.

BAR 55 RESTAURANT
Herbert Samuel
corner Hayarkon St.
TEL AVIV
OPENING OF OUR WINTER CABARET
Tuesday, Nov. 3, 1960
BIG INTERNATIONAL ATTRACTION
with
SYLVIA CLAIRE
Vedette internationale de Paris
Orchestra: Solo Blumenfeld
Drums: Mico David
Table reservations:
Tel. 24013

'Dude Kibbutzim' Suggested For American Tourists

By MEIR BEN DOV
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Sam Finegold is a prosperous tourist agent from Baltimore. His "speciality" is out-of-the-way holidays. He sends bank managers with ulcers fishing and hunting in the mountains, school principals to romantic fishing villages on the rugged New England coast, and middle aged dowagers to Dude Ranches in the Middle West. At the end of a month's holiday in Israel, Mr. Finegold has come up with his own formula for turning Israel into a tourist paradise.

"A tourist who flies halfway round the world, to spend two weeks sitting in a hotel in Tel Aviv or Herzliya, ought to have his head examined," he declares bluntly. "Tourists — Americans at least — come to see something special in Israel. Your hotels and your restaurants and your nightclubs, even if they were to reach the standard that Americans are used to at home, could never become in themselves an attraction for Americans.

Like Left Bank, Pubs

"We in America have been hearing a great deal about Israel lately as a brave, tough, new, dynamic country, with tough young heroes. Israel is in fashion in the movies and on television. Books about Israel make the best-seller lists and every week one of the colour magazines comes out with a big picture spread about Israel. People want to see the Israel of the kibbutzim and of the girl soldiers in the Army, in the same way as they expect to see Westminster Abbey and the pubs and bobbies in England, the Folies Bergere and the Left Bank in Paris."

According to Mr. Finegold, thousands of young Americans — the majority of them non-Jews — would like to come here to "rough" it with the Israelis. A few hundred every year are lucky. Either through a party organized by the various Zionist groups, or on their own, they spend a few weeks or months in kibbutzim all over the country.

"They become Israel's best spokesmen when they return to college, and next summer their parents come to me and ask me to organize a tour for them in Israel, although of course with more of the trimmings of civilization."

Sam Finegold was frankly disappointed with his holiday in Israel. "I wanted to see a kibbutz, so they made me join a half-day tour to see the Weizmann Institute, the wine cellars of Rishon Lezion and Givat Brenner. They took us around that kibbutz as if it had been a county jail. 'The chickens are kept here, the cows there, the children there and the parents there.' They took us into the kibbutz dining room, gave us a glass of orange juice and some grapes, and got one of the kibbutz fellas to tell us about the difference between a kibbutz in party A and one in party B. And that was about as close as an American can get to living the Romance of Israel."

But Sam Finegold of Baltimore, Maryland, has his own ideas for giving tourists what they came to see in Israel. He thinks the country should have a chain of special "Kibbutz Hotels" for tourists, (not to be confused with the existing "guest houses" and convalescent homes attached to some kibbutzim). One can be attached to a fishing kibbutz on the Mediterranean coast, a second near the northern frontier in Galilee, a third on the shores of Kinneret, a fourth in the hills of Jerusalem, and a whole chain along the road to Eilat.

The "Kibbutz Hotel" would be a separate, independent unit, adjoining the ordinary kibbutz — but would run as a first class hotel. It would be made up of rough log cabins with loop-holes instead of windows — for outside appearance only. Inside, the buildings would be air-conditioned with private tiled bathrooms to every room. The perfectly sprung beds would be covered with smooth percale sheets and rough Beduin camel blankets. The walls would be hung with antique brassware, camel saddles, narghiles and other "tourist attractions."

Barbed Wire Colour

Trenches and barbed wire would lend "colour," and the youth of the real kibbutz would help by wearing brief khaki shorts and by carrying guns (not necessarily loaded).

Those guests who really feel the urge to do their bit for Israel would be invited to join the watchman on guard duty, to get up early to milk the cows, or to help with the work in the fields. A few hours of this "work" would probably be enough to satisfy the tourist for his entire stay at the kibbutz-hotel. The rest of the time he could join — by foot, donkey, horse, camel, jeep or boat as the case may be — in trips to exciting, romantic and beautiful spots in the neighbourhood.

The "Kibbutz Hotel" attached to a real kibbutz would provide the latter with an important source of income, and might make a kibbutz economically viable in mountainous or desert areas. Naturally the "Kibbutz Hotel" would have to be run by experts, in such a way that it would not interfere with the real work of the real kibbutz.

"You wouldn't be able to build them fast enough" declares Sam Finegold.

WIZO—Tel Aviv
is holding a
GRAND FASHION SHOW
at the Dan Hotel, Tel Aviv, Wednesday, Nov. 9, at 4.30 p.m.
PARTICIPANTS
Fashion House גניה Genia, Ltd.
Knitting Mills Elanit
Furs: Rosen
Jewellery: Topaz
Hairstyles: David
Shoes: Mikulinsky Ltd.
Makeup: Ninabaln Sisters
Stockings: Garbiyon Ltd.
Tickets: Wizo, 8 Simtat Beit Hashoeva, Tel Aviv.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
SPECIAL CONCERT
Farewell Appearance
HET NEDERLANDS KAMERORKEST
Conductor and Soloist:
SZYMON GOLDBERG
(Violin)
TEL AVIV — Tuesday, November 15, 1960
Fredric R. Mann Auditorium at 8.30 p.m.
PROGRAMME: Bach: Violin Concerto in E Major; Bach: Brandenburg Concerto No. 5.
Soloists: Maria Curcio (Piano); Szymon Goldberg (Violin); Adriaan Bonsel (Flute).
Bartok: Divertimento for String Orchestra.
SALE OF TICKETS begins TODAY, THURSDAY, Nov. 3, at Mann Auditorium Box Office (Rehov Huberman), Daily 10-1, 4-6; Fridays: 10-1.
First two days' sale reserved to I.P.O.A. members only. Usual reduction to I.P.O.A. members on Reduction Voucher "Special Concert No. 1" (Yellow).
Prices: IL2.500 to IL7.500

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
November 3, 1960

In the Supreme Court Sitting As Court of Civil Appeals

Before the President (Justice Olshan) Justices Landau and Berinson.

Meir Spiegel, Appellant, v. 1. Shoshanna Moses, 2. Perla Brekelhammer, Respondents (C.A. 101/60).

Right of Prior Purchase Arises Only When Transfer Is Registered

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a decision of the Haifa District Court delivered on February 21, 1960, (in C.C.1000/59).

The appellant, Meir Spiegel, is the owner of an undivided share of a plot of land and of the house on it. The second respondent, Mrs. Perla Brekelhammer, is the other co-owner of the house and land which is miri.

In May, 1959, Mrs. Brekelhammer informed Mr. Spiegel that she had transferred all her rights in the land and house to Shoshanna Moses, the first respondent, and that the latter had taken occupation of two rooms in the house.

Mr. Spiegel thereupon claimed a right of prior purchase before the Haifa District Court basing his claim on article 41 of the Ottoman Land Law which provides that: "The owner of an undivided share in State (miri) land cannot transfer his share by way of gift or in consideration of payment, without the leave of the persons jointly interested. If he does so the latter have the right, within one year, to claim from the transferee the restitution of this share, on paying him its value at the time of the claim......" (Tute's translation).

Judge Shemesh dismissed the claim in limine as failing to show a cause of action, holding that Mrs. Brekelhammer's share in the property had not been transferred to Mrs. Moses as no such transaction had been registered in the Land Registry.

Mr. Spiegel appealed against this decision to the Supreme Court. Mr. S. Shibboleth appeared for the appellant, Mr. Y. Hiyoun for the first respondent and Mr. A. Robinson for the second respondent.

Judgment

Justice Landau, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, the President and Justice Berinson concurring, said that article 41 of the Ottoman Land Code provides quite unambiguously that the right of prior purchase arises only when one co-owner transfers his share. In other words, this right arises when the ownership in his undivided share of the property is transferred by one of the co-owners and ownership is transferred only by way of registration in the Land Registry and not by way of an irrevocable power of attorney or by way of handing over possession (see C.A. 393/43, 11 PLR 306).

It is possible to reach the same conclusion, continued Justice Landau, by drawing an analogy with decisions of the courts regarding the condition attaching to the right of pre-emption of mulk land as defined in article 1026 of the Mejelle ("the vendor must have divested himself of absolute ownership in the thing sold"). The Cyprus Supreme Court, in interpreting this article, has held, he pointed out, that only when the sale is complete and absolute, resulting in ownership in the property passing from the seller to the buyer, does the right of pre-emption arise.

The construction he had placed on article 41 of the Ottoman Land Code, continued Justice Landau, is preferable also from another viewpoint—because it allows of fixing a definite date from which the co-owner who seeks the right of prior purchase gets his year's grace, this date being the date of registration in the Land Registry. On the other hand, if any date before the official registration of the transfer were to be the operative one, this would work to the detriment of the co-owner who would not, and could not, in such circumstances know of his partner's intention to transfer his share in the joint property, this ignorance not being an excuse in the case of the right of prior purchase of miri land, in contradistinction to the case of pre-emption of mulk land.

Appeal dismissed with IL75 costs.

Judgment given on September 30, 1960.

IT'S THE LAW

CARPET beating in the street or in upper stories or in the neighbourhood of other flats is allowed in Dimona only from 6 to 12 a.m. and 4 to 6 p.m.

Cables in Brief

OIL. — Middle East oil fields in the first nine months of this year produced 181,705,000 metric tons — the highest figure for a similar period in their history.

TIBET. — Title deeds to landholdings are to be issued soon to "emancipated peasants" in Tibet, the New China News Agency reported from Peking yesterday.

ROAD TOLL. — A total of 6,520 persons were killed on roads in Britain in 1959, the country's worst year, the Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents announced in London yesterday.

VOROSHILOV. — Marshal Kliment Voroshilov, former President of the Soviet Union, was yesterday invested with the golden "Sickle and Hammer" medal, the Order of Lenin, and the diploma of a hero of Socialist Labour, in recognition of outstanding services to the Communist Party and the Soviet State, Tass reported.

NAVY. — Japan's postwar navy — again the largest among Asian nations — put on its annual naval parade in Tokyo Bay yesterday, marking the 10th anniversary of the self-defence forces.

TRADE. — The UAR and Poland yesterday signed a three-year trade and payment agreement aimed at increasing commerce between the two countries to the maximum.

CAUTIOUS. — The Soviet Union has proposed establishing commercial, technical, scientific and cultural relations with pro-Western Thailand. The immediate Thai reaction was generally favourable but cautious.

MILK. — A shipment of a million pounds of whole milk powder is to leave Montreal today aboard the Egyptian freighter Star of Assuan for distribution through CARE, in Greece, Turkey and Egypt.

MITZ PAZ
ORANGE & GRAPEFRUIT
JAFORA

Instant PRESTO
FOR CHILDREN, WITH MILK AND SUGAR — HOT, COLD OR ICED.

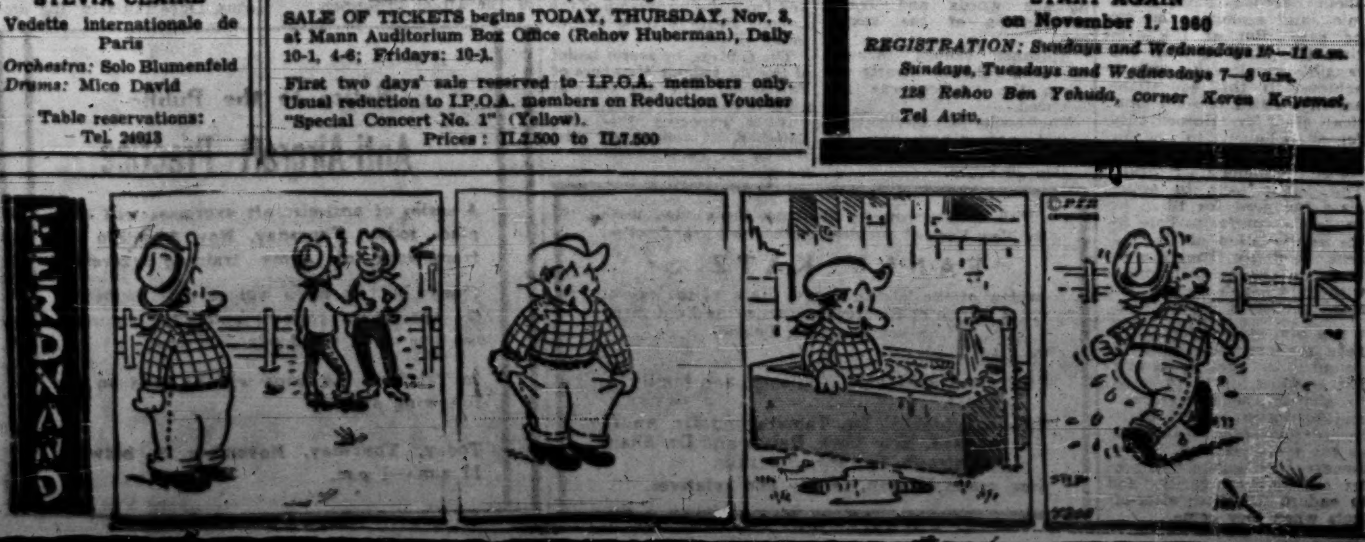
Wanted to Exchange
2½-room flat in Metudela, Jerusalem
3rd floor, (36 steps)
Against
3½-room flat
in Rehavia, Kiryat Shmuel, Talbieh.
Write: 40856, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

ERNEST VINCENT BERBY
the registered proprietor of Israel Patent No. 9242
the title of which is:
"Method of Forming a True Cylindrical Surface on a Workpiece and Work supporting Device"
wishes to grant licences under said patent.
Apply in writing to: Regd. Patent Attorneys, P.O.Box 1169, Tel Aviv.

PETAH TIKVA MUNICIPALITY
VACANT POST FOR PSYCHOLOGIST
Offers are invited for the vacant post of psychologist for the Office for Psychological Guidance for Schoolchildren:
Qualifications: M.A. in Psychology and practical experience.
Further particulars can be obtained from the Director, Education Department, Municipality House, 2nd floor, at the usual working hours.
Written applications in a sealed envelope marked "Psychologist," enclosing curriculum vitae, should be sent to the Department of Education, Petah Tikva Municipality.
Strictly confidential.

FINANCIAL INSTITUTION
REQUIRES ASSISTANT
for Chief Bookkeeper and Administrative Director
Qualifications: thorough knowledge of bookkeeping, organizational ability and knowledge of English and Hebrew. Banking experience desirable.
Apply, enclosing curriculum vitae and details of experience, to: "Assistant," P.O.B. 2508, Tel Aviv.

MODERN GYMNASTICS
RIVKAH FEUCHTWANGER
Courses directed by
by her special method
START AGAIN
on November 1, 1960
REGISTRATION: Sundays and Wednesdays 10—11 a.m.
Sundays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays 7—8 p.m.
128 Rehov Ben Yehuda, corner Keren Kayemet, Tel Aviv.



Today's Postbag

The Weather

Forecast: Weather will remain showery, occasionally accompanied by thunderstorms. A partial clearing is expected towards noon.

Weather Synopsis: A depression over the Eastern Mediterranean, together with a pocket of cold air in the upper layer, causes widespread precipitation and cloudiness.

	A	B	C
Mt. Cana'an	94	11—16	12—17
Tiberias	88	17—24	18—24
Haifa Port	86	17—22	17—23
Natanya	90	15—22	16—24
Tel Aviv Kirya	92	15—22	20—25
Tel Aviv Port	74	18—24	17—25
Lydda Airport	88	17—24	17—25
Jerusalem	83	16—20	16—21
Beersheba	74	16—25	16—26
Eilat	36	21—30	20—30

A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Yesterday's Temperature range. C) Today's Temperature forecast.

RAINFALL (mms.)

	A.	B.
Mt. Cana'an	11	—
Degania	26	—
Haifa	21	40.8
Natanya	16	27.0
Tel Aviv Port	27	29.6
Lydda Airport	5.7	11.1
Jerusalem	8	8.4
Beersheba	10	—
Dimona	4	—

A. Rainfall during 12 hours up to 8 p.m. last night. B. Since August 1.

ARRIVALS

Mr. Yisrael Galilee, M.K., from New York, where he was a member of the Israel delegation to the U.N. Assembly (by El Al).

The French Consul-General, M. Christian Marcotte de Sainte-Marie, from leave.

Mr. Asher Ben-Natan, Director-General of the Ministry of Defence, from a two-week visit to Switzerland and France, on Ministry matters (by Air France).

Dr. Franz Schuerholz, West German author and publicist, for a six-week visit as guest of the Foreign Ministry (by El Al).

Mrs. Raya Jagiom, Honorary Treasurer of the World Wizo Executive, after representing the Executive at Wizo's 40th anniversary celebrations in Scandinavia, France and Switzerland, and launching Wizo campaigns in Sweden and Finland.

Mr. David Safran, General Chairman of the Detroit Israel Bond Campaign, and Mrs. Safran, for 10 days, under the auspices of the Bond Organization.

Dr. Ze'ev Goldmann, Curator of the Acre Antiquities Museum, after four months abroad on a scholarship from the French Government studying Gothic architecture in connection with the excavation of the Crypt of St. John.

Mr. Arye Dissentchik, Editor of "Ma'ariv", from a visit to Zurich in connection with the forthcoming international journalists' conference in Israel (by El Al).

Mr. Moshe Gilboa, from Vienna, where he headed the Mapai Youth delegation to the Congress of the International Union of Socialist Youth.

Mr. Syd Appelbaum, Assistant Director of the Israel Bond Office, from Athens (s.s. Atlantic).

DEPARTURES

U Tin Win, Chairman of the All-Burma Cooperative Union and Member of the Burmese Parliament, for home, after a visit as guest of the Histadrut (by Air France).

Miss Edi Kaplan, Deputy "Miss Israel," for Istanbul, to represent Israel at Friday's election of the "Queen of Nations" (by Air France).

THE FORTNIGHTLY convoy went up to Mt. Scopus yesterday with supplies and replacements for half the guard and Hebrew University and Hadassah personnel.

* * *

THE THIRD television debate between Messrs. Richard Nixon and John Kennedy will be shown at the Z.O.A. House at 8 o'clock tonight.

A ONE-MONTH ulpan was opened by the Jewish Agency in Jerusalem this week for 70 young immigrants who have settled in 33 kibbutzim throughout the country.

THE TREASURER of Haifa Hapoel, Mr. Zvi Tabatchnik, who is suspected of embezzling about IL20,000 of the club's funds during 1958-60, was yesterday remanded for 10 days in Haifa Magistrate's Court.

BEN-AHARON DEFENDS REVOCATION OF LICENCES

By ARYEH RUBINSTEIN, POST Knesset Correspondent

The Transport Minister, Mr. Yitzhak Ben-Aharon, yesterday defended the provision in the Amendment to the Transport Ordinance which requires the courts to revoke driving licences in certain cases.

Mr. Ben-Aharon was winding up the Knesset debate on the amendment, which afterwards passed its first reading without opposition. The House Committee will decide which committee shall deal with the bill.

The provision defended by the Minister states that when a driver is convicted of a traffic offence which resulted in loss of life, the court must revoke his licence for at least five years; where a driver is convicted, for the second time in two years, of a traffic offence which resulted in crippling a person, the court must revoke his licence for at least one year.

Mr. Ben-Aharon could not understand the "humanist" approach of Mr. Eliahu Meridor (Herut) or Mr. Yosef Kushnir (Mapam)—both lawyers — towards traffic offenders. He saw no infringement of civil liberties in the above provisions.

'Distortion'

The same was true of the provision in the bill authorising the licensing authority to revoke a driver's licence if it had evidence indicating that he constituted a traffic menace. (Such licence revocation would require the approval of a traffic judge within 30 days.) It was a distortion of democracy to call this undemocratic, Mr. Ben-Aharon maintained.

As to the suggestion made in the debate that he resign in order to call attention to the gravity of the road accident problem, Mr. Ben-Aharon replied that if every Minister followed this advice the result would be either "complete redemption" or chaos.

And it was only "playing games" to argue that if only IL7m. a year was needed for road repair and improvement, that sum could surely be found "somewhere" in the overall State Budget. For the same argument could be used when any pressing problem came up — in education, defence or social welfare.

At the end of his speech, Mr. Ben-Aharon referred to the traffic restrictions on Jerusalem's Jaffa Road, noting that two newspapers had fought the restrictions, "the newspaper in a foreign language being the most gallant fighter."

No House Debate On Indemnity Bill

POST Knesset Reporter

The Knesset yesterday supported the Finance Minister and rejected a Herut motion for the agenda calling for a debate on "compensation from enemy property for victims of anti-Jewish persecution in Egypt."

Mr. Yosef Shofman, who presented the Herut motion, said that while world opinion was well aware of the Arab refugee problem, Israel had failed to publicize the question of Jewish refugees from Arab states who have found a home in Israel.

These refugees had left the Arab States after being persecuted, and their property was confiscated, Mr. Shofman said. Israel had never "presented a bill" to world public opinion for such expropriated property, or for its expenses in housing and rehabilitating these refugees.

The Organization of Victims of Anti-Jewish Persecution in Egypt claims that there is enemy property here which Israel could use to compensate refugees from Egypt whose property there was expropriated.

No Property

The Finance Minister, Mr. Levi Eshkol, apparently did not wish to discuss the question at length. He said:

"For various reasons, I move that the motion be struck from the agenda. And I choose the reason which is convenient for me to mention here.

"In general, the Custodian of Property states that he does not have in his hands property of the Egyptian State, but only of individual Egyptians.

"There are laws as to how he can use this. In addition, the matter is before the courts, and that being so, there is no room for a discussion in the Knesset."

Only Herut voted in favour of a Knesset debate. A motion by Mr. Moshe Nissim (General Zionists) to refer the question to the Finance Committee, supported by Herut and the General Zionists, was also defeated.

'Next Round' In Few Years—Laskov

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — The Chief-of-Staff hinted on Wednesday that "the next round" may take place in a few years' time—after Nasser has his army fully trained and equipped."

Speaking at a reunion of officer-veterans of the Sinai Campaign held at the Keren Hall here, Rav-Aluf Laskov reiterated his theory that no power will dare launch an atomic war, although "small" wars are not only possible but quite likely. Nasser intends to attack Israel; the only question is when, he declared.

The Egyptian dictator hopes to have his army fully trained and equipped in the forseeable future, he said, pointing out that the UAR Air Force has grown considerably, though it still has no missiles. The UAR Navy is already larger than ours, and is getting still more vessels from the Russians.

We must be prepared for a surprise attack, Rav-Aluf Laskov warned.

The Prime Minister, Mr. David Ben-Gurion, said that the Sinai Campaign paved the way for the absorption of the two million immigrants still to come. Only full development of the Negev can be a deterrent to future attacks from Egypt.

The Premier said that the term "United Arab Republic," was a misnomer. Egypt had merely moved in to conquer and occupy the Syrian region.

The reunion was the fourth such annual affair held on the anniversary of the Campaign. It was opened with a eulogy of the dead of the Campaign and the War of Independence, delivered by O.C. Southern Command Aluf Avraham Yoffe. In the audience were the Deputy Minister of Defence and the Director-General of the Ministry.

Ramat Gan Ends 2nd Shift Next Week

RAMAT GAN. — Second shifts in Ramat Gan's elementary schools here will end next week, when the last three classes now on the afternoon shift move into leased premises, the Chairman of the Municipal Education Committee, Mr. S. Bornstein, announced on Tuesday.

Mr. Bornstein said the Municipality will next year launch a campaign to raise IL1m. to build 50 additional classrooms.

There are over 15,000 pupils in 411 elementary grades in Ramat Gan.

Herut M.K. Quotes Trotsky to Eshkol

The Knesset yesterday referred to the Finance Committee a Communist motion on the Tenenbaum Report and a Herut motion on the Government's credit and monetary policies.

Dr. Moshe Sneh (Communist) said that the credit expansion recommended by Mr. Tenenbaum was dangerous and inflationary. It was the industrial Leviathans who would get the credit, and not the small manufacturer, he predicted.

Dr. Yohanan Bader (Herut) quoted Trotsky as having said that one bad policy was preferable to two conflicting policies, however good. Today we had two conflicting monetary policies—one of the Governor of the Bank of Israel, and one of the Minister of Commerce and Industry. And both policies were being implemented.

Mr. Eshkol, the Minister of Finance, was the "mixer," but Dr. Bader did not think the cocktail was very successful.

Mr. Eshkol, in his reply, said there was no reason to be disturbed by the report. He agreed with Trotsky, and Israel had only one monetary policy — which was the the result of any number of reports and any number of considerations.

The Government was under no obligation to accept Dr. Tenenbaum's recommendations, but neither should these be rejected because the author is an American. Nor need the Government accept the recommendations *en bloc*, but it could pick and choose what it found suitable.

Mr. Eshkol's motion that the question be referred to the Finance Committee was adopted, without objection.

Radio Journal Out; Kennedy is 'Cover Boy'

TEL AVIV. — The first issue of "Radio," the Kol Yisrael programme weekly, issued yesterday, has the smiling face of Senator John Kennedy on its cover.

A 24-page quarto illustrated journal, off-set printed, it sells for 25 agorot.

"Radio" contains excerpts from past broadcasts and notes on forthcoming programmes. Selected programmes of the Army station are listed in addition to the full programme of Kol Yisrael for the week beginning next Sunday.

The Chairman of the Journalists Association, Mr. Michael Assaf, gave a reception at Beit Sokolow yesterday in honour of the new Director of the Broadcasting Services, Mr. Hanoch Givton, and the Editor of "Radio," Mr. Amos Gordon. Among those present were the Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, Mr Teddy Kollek; the Director of the Government Press Office, Mr. David Landor; and the Press attachés of the American, British and Soviet Embassies.

Treasury Embezzler Gets Five Years

TEL AVIV. — The former head of the Insurance Section of the Finance Ministry's Foreign Loans Division in Tel Aviv, Yona Zinger, was on Tuesday sentenced by the Tel Aviv District Court to five years' imprisonment for conspiring to defraud the Treasury of about IL80,000 during 1953-56.

He was sentenced immediately after pleading guilty to 23 counts of conspiracy to commit a crime, knowingly receiving money that had been illicitly acquired, abuse of public trust, and theft.

(Zinger's accomplices, Ya'acov Sacher, former Chief Accountant of the Division, and Moshe Dror, a former employee of the Division, are serving four years and nine months respectively, and a Tel Aviv insurance agent, Gershon Fifer, was fined IL4,600 and given a year's suspended sentence three years ago.)

Soon after the Ministry's Control Branch began investigating the irregularities, Zinger fled to Brazil. Since Israel and Brazil have no extradition agreement, Zinger's return to Israel was brought about only after the Israel consular authorities there refused to renew his passport and persuaded the Brazilian police not to extend his residence permit. In September, the Consulate issued him a one-time travel document to Israel and he returned here later that month.

Tribute to Weizmann On Eighth Anniversary of Death

REHOVOT. — The leaders of the nation gathered in the Wix auditorium here yesterday to pay tribute to the memory of the first President of Israel, the late Dr. Chaim Weizmann, on the eighth anniversary of his passing.

The Weizmann Day Assembly was to have been held on the Memorial Plaza in Yad Chaim Weizmann, but due to sudden rain it was transferred indoors.

The large auditorium was crowded with many standing in the aisles. The Minister of Justice, who presided, opened the ceremony as soon as the President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi had taken their places in the front row next to Mrs. Chaim Weizmann, after laying a wreath on Dr. Weizmann's tomb. Near them sat the President of the Weizmann Institute and Mrs. Abba Eban, the Knesset Speaker, the President of the Supreme Court and Members of the Knesset.

The members of the Weizmann family present included the O.C. Air Force, Aluf Ozer Weizmann, who is the late President's nephew. There was a full turn-out of the diplomatic corps and leaders of the minority communities.

'Dynamic Strength'

Mr. Rosen, recalled Dr. Weizmann's "dynamic strength, his urgent and fascinating power," a man who was "the natural successor to Herzl's crown. Although outwardly a man of prudence, forever cautioning against the rashness of short cuts, he was always prepared for the opportune hour."

The guest of honour, Rector of the University of St. Andrews, Scotland, Lord Boothby, noted that he had been fortunate in knowing some of the greatest men of our time — Lloyd George, Winston Churchill ("I was his secretary for some time") and Chaim Weizmann. "His spirit broods over this place and over this land; making silence more becoming than chatter," he said.

"At no period in the world's history has the distilled wisdom that was Dr. Weizmann's most priceless possession been more urgently required," he declared.

"If Weizmann had not persuaded the British Government to make the Balfour Declaration at that particular moment of time and then to accept the Mandate and create a British Protectorate in Palestine, the Zionist Movement must, I think, have been crushed between the forces created by the Russian revolution and the tide of Arab nationalism," he said.

(A full version of Lord Boothby's address is on Page Four).

Excerpts from Handel's Oratorio "Saul" were rendered by the Musician's Association's Symphony Orchestra and the Zadikoff Choir, conducted by Itzhak Graziani.

AT THE DRAWING of Mandatory Bearer Bonds (Third Series) held yesterday, number 412409 won the top prize of IL5,000. Bond number 209915 won IL1,000 and number 437788 won IL500. IL250 was won by bonds number 378226; 217317; 357197; 290978.

Several Members of a group of 30 American Jewish students get a chance to put their questions to the Prime Minister at an informal meeting on the Hebrew University campus yesterday. The students are here for a year's study at the University. (Photo by Harris)

B-G Talks it Up with US Students

By ARI RATH, Jerusalem Post Reporter

Prime Minister Ben-Gurion yesterday morning turned youth leader for well over an hour at an informal meeting with 30 Jewish students from American universities participating in the special one-year Hebrew University study programme for American students.

Breezing into the reception room at the Hebrew University Administration Building, Mr. Ben-Gurion immediately set the relaxed tone that prevailed throughout the discussion, which was held in Hebrew. "Sit down, sit down," he said to the young men and women awaiting his arrival. Then, noticing the predominantly female composition of the group, he asked: "Are there no young men in America?"

Then he put his first question to the students: "What made you come to Israel for one year when there were so many greater material advantages to be gained abroad?" A girl replied in correct if halting Hebrew: "After three years of studying history at an American university, I was given the chance to go to another university abroad, and for me Israel was the natural choice."

Main Question

Mr. Ben-Gurion then put his main question which he had really come to discuss:

"The Jewish people, small as it is, has exercised a tremendous influence on human history, all out of proportion to its size, and the little land of Israel had aroused the interest of nations all over the world, particularly those in the underdeveloped countries. If a special conference were to be held in Israel for about ten days to make a thorough study of why this is so — would representatives of all Jewish students in America attend it? If someone from Israel were sent to every university and college in the U.S. to approach the Jewish students in this connection, what would be their response?"

The answers, coming in slowly at first, favoured the idea in principle, but there were certain doubts as to its immediate practicability on a large scale. Perhaps one should begin with a conference in the U.S., or by approaching first the Jewish organizations only, such as the Hillel Foundation.

Mr. Ben-Gurion listened attentively, cutting in with occasional comments, asking names — and obviously pleased when these were Yehudit, Esther, Haya — and asking some of them about their knowledge of Hebrew.

When one girl said that parents were not always sympathetic to the idea of their children coming to Israel, he exclaimed: "But aren't children always in advance of their parents?"

Then Mr. Ben-Gurion reminisced how his father, a fervent member of Hovevei Zion, had been opposed to his coming to Palestine at the age of 19 — "but I was always stubborn, with a mind of my own, so I came anyway."

'Not So Glamorous'

The talk then ranged through many subjects: the building of Dimona in the heart of the Negev, Israel's assistance to many African nations and how Leon Uris' "Exodus" was read by everyone in America.

"I also read this book," said Mr. Ben-Gurion. "*Although I don't usually read fiction, I wanted to know what made people come and visit Israel after reading 'Exodus,' but our reality is not as glamorous. Not everyone in Israel is a hero or a saint.*"

The Prime Minister seemed to enjoy the talk immensely. "There is nothing more pleasant for me than meeting Jewish youth from America," he concluded, when his attention was drawn to the fact that time was up.

Mr. Bernard Cherrick, Executive Vice-Chairman of the Board of Governors, introduced the students. Prof. Binyamin Mazar, President of the University, concluded by suggesting that Mr. Ben-Gurion's project be given serious consideration.

B-G Opens Mapai H.Q. in Beersheba

BEERSHEBA. — The Prime Minister was on hand on Wednesday for the opening of the new Mapai headquarters on the dividing line between Shechuna Aleph and Bet in Beersheba. A mass meeting outdoors had to be called off because of the rain, and a reception was held inside for some 300 guests.

Mr. Ben-Gurion stressed again the importance of developing and settling the Negev, which he said was "the highway to our future markets" — Asia and Africa. He cited the citizens of Dimona, whom he had visited only last week, as good examples of former ghetto-dwellers transformed into the proud builders that the Negev needs.

Student Parliament Finds State in Danger

By SHALOM COHEN

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Jeers, cheers, wisecracks, and irrelevancies marked the tumultuous first session of the Hebrew University "students' parliament," which was held on the campus on Tuesday to consider the question, "Is there a threat to Israel democracy?"

A disorderly audience of nearly 1,000 crowded the Wise Auditorium for the three-hour debate, which was distinguished by hazy argument and a party atmosphere. By a show of membership cards at the close, a majority voted "aye" to the question under discussion.

The debate was opened by two guest speakers — Mr. Israel Bar-Yehuda, Ahdut Ha'avoda M.K., for the "ayes," and Mr. Moshe Dayan, Minister of Agriculture (Mapai) for the "nays." They were followed by student speakers on alternate sides.

Much of Mr. Bar-Yehuda's 20-minute talk was devoted to a definition of democracy. He said the danger lay not in a seizure of the Government but in rulers who, even if democratically elected, regarded themselves as "saviours with a monopoly."

Mr. Dayan said that at no time has the army thought it had the right to choose the Minister of Defence. "When I, as Chief-of-Staff, had differences with the Minister (the speaker was referring to Mr. Pinhas Lavon), I offered to resign. He did not want to accept my resignation. Is this choosing a Minister?

"It is not my job," continued Mr. Dayan, "to praise the regime, and it no doubt has its faults. But no one can deny that the constituents of democracy — a parliament, political freedom, government by law, — exist in Israel."

Party factions seemed to be well organized among the debaters. Mr. Bar-Yehuda found himself supported by the Communists and New Regime groups, among others, while Mr. Dayan was "assisted" by a motley collection of speakers, some with unintelligible arguments.

All this led Mr. Bar-Yehuda to note in his summing up, "I think both Dayan and myself were unhappy with our allies."

Hecklers in the audience were merciless to speakers who had nothing to say and said it badly. Among the points raised heatedly by some were censorship of the "Lavon Affair" (one read out some details from the foreign press on the "security mishap"); the Prime Minister's refusal to present the Cabinet with the Cohn Committee report; discrimination against religious schools in Ashkelon; the relations of the Histadrut and the State; and "persons who unlawfully take relics from archaeological sites and have car accidents after resigning from the army."

At one point, coins were thrown on the platform from the audience. The tumult reached a crescendo just before the close of the debate when a student who listed himself as a "nay" speaker launched into an argument for the "ayes."

Top marks of the evening went to the chairman, Mr. Yehuda Levy, who maintained a semblance of order against overwhelming odds.

Costa Rica Blanks T.A. Maccabi, 3-0

Jerusalem Post Reporter

RAMAT GAN. — Costa Rica led Tel Aviv Maccabi 3-0 after 60 minutes of fast soccer at the stadium here.

Despite intermittent downpours some 5,000 fans turned out to see the visitors' third and last game here, which was stopped because of darkness and rain.

Lebanon Deports Syrian Ex-M.P.

BEIRUT (Reuter). — Lebanese security authorities have asked a former Syrian Member of Parliament, Firzat Mamluk, to leave the country within 48 hours, it was reported yesterday.

No reason was given for the order.

21 Injured In Galilee Bus Crash

TIBERIAS. — Twenty-one passengers were slightly injured when two Egged buses crashed on a slippery road here early yesterday morning. Eight of the injured were kept at the Poriya Hospital, though none of them was in serious condition.

A bus with workers of the Sefen plywood plant was on its way south, when, according to one account of the accident, it skidded and crashed into an oncoming bus near the Hot Springs.

According to another version, a jeep in front of the bus halted suddenly, forcing the bus driver, Mr. Shmuel Matzliah, of Tiberias, to brake hard. Neither he nor Mr. Avraham Lemberg, of Yavniel, the driver of the second bus, was injured.

Passing cars took the injured to the hospital. The unharmed workers continued to the Sefen plant, but later some of them went to the hospital for first-aid treatment.

CEYLONESE GUEST IN ROAD MISHAP

TEL AVIV. — The Ceylonese Minister-designate for Industry and Fishing, Mr. M. P. de Soysa, narrowly escaped injury when the taxi in which he was returning from Degania collided with a lorry on the coastal road between Natanya and Herzliya yesterday afternoon. He was given a lift into Tel Aviv by a passing motorist.

Mr. de Soysa, former Labour Minister and leader of the Sri Lanka (Socialist) Party, is the highest ranking Ceylonese political leader to visit Israel. He is here as a guest of Mapai.

Yesterday he visited Haifa industrial installations and Nahalal, and took a bottle of water from the Jordan River.

In the evening, the Head of the Mapai International Relations Department, Miss Esther Herlitz, gave a dinner in his honour at the Gat Rimon Hotel. Among those present were the Minister of Commerce and Industry and Mrs. Pinhas Sapir, and Mr. Yona Kesse, M.K.

Venue Mixup Thwarts Shoe Strike Meeting

The scheduled meeting between representatives of the Histadrut and the Jerusalem Shoe Corporation for ending the work stoppage at the factory did not take place yesterday, because of a misunderstanding as to the locale of the meeting. A meeting is scheduled for today, in which the Manufacturers' Association will also participate.

Mr. Nahman Habas, head of the Corporation, thought the meeting was to take place in Jerusalem and came especially to the Capital; Mr. Dov Lipov, Secretary of the Jerusalem Labour Council, thought it would take place in Tel Aviv and returned especially to Tel Aviv.

Maimon Spurns Bid To Postpone Elections

Rabbi Yehuda Leib Maimon last night turned down a request by a National Religious Party delegation to postpone the Chief Rabbinate elections.

The delegation called on him after a joint meeting of the N.R.P.'s Executive, Knesset faction, and Committee for Rabbinate Affairs on Tuesday night adopted a resolution for postponement and for a further extension of the expired term of the Chief Rabbinate. The delegation comprised Dr. Mordechai Nurock, Mr. Moshe Unna and Mr. Ya'acov Greenberg, M.K.'s, and Mr. Moshe Krone, the party's coordinator.

It is learned that Rabbi Joseph Soloveichik, the Boston scholar, has written to a prominent Tel Aviv rabbi that he has no intention of standing for Ashkenazi Chief Rabbinate. Rabbi Soloveichik is understood to have expressed his opposition to postponing of the the elections, declaring that further delay would increase dispute and subject the Rabbinate to contempt.

Mr. Yitzhak Raphael, M.K., is said to have been virtually alone in opposing the resolution. He maintained that the elections were not a subject for party discipline but one of conscience.

INDUSTRY FINANCE and COMMERCE

Treasury Needs More Funds To Finance Economic Boom

By DAVID KRIVINE, Jerusalem Post Economic Reporter

The swelling activity of the Israel economy, together with the development of the social services, press on the Government's budgetary resources and make it necessary to seek sources of income in order to cover growing expenditures, Mr. Simha Soroker, Director of the Treasury's Budget Division told *The Jerusalem Post* in an interview yesterday.

"Considering the cost of education," he said, "taxpayers should remember that every child reaching the age of five and entering compulsory kindergarten costs the State another IL20 a month."

The success the nation's export drive involves the Treasury in a corresponding outlay on premiums, he said. Last year IL91m. were spent on premiums, including those paid on Restitution funds transferred to this country. This year IL108m. have been budgeted for premiums, but the actual outlay will come to IL135-145m.

Pays More than Gets

The Export-Import Bank loan has to be repaid progressively even though the agricultural settlements have not repaid at the same rate the money they were advanced under this loan. All told the Government is this year refunding IL210m. in interest and capital on loans, but is only receiving IL135m. from those to whom the loans were credited.

Payments to invalids disabled by the Nazis will cost several times more than expected — IL8m. this year, and probably IL14-15m. next year. The Jordan Water Project, speeded up to meet the growing water shortage, involves an expenditure of IL40-50m. a year.

Asked whether the increased flow of capital into industry from the private sector both abroad and in Israel does not reduce expenses under the Development Budget, Mr. Soroker said private investments have to be matched by Government loans, and the net result is an increased overall pace of economic expansion.

Total investments in the national economy are expected to exceed last year's figure by close to 10 per cent, or about IL1,150m., he said.

October Exports Ahead of 1959

Exports during October continued the year's upward trend to total $13.4m., or $2.7m. more than in October 1959, it was officially announced in Jerusalem last night.

Exports in the first 10 months of the year have gone ahead of 1959 by $30m., totalling $178m.

Sales of manufactured goods, including diamonds, accounted for $11.7m. in October, as compared with $9.5m. last year. The increase in exports of agricultural produce from $500,000 to $1.7m. was accounted for largely by bigger peanut, banana, and egg sales abroad.

U.S. Gold Outflow Passes $1,000m. Mark

WASHINGTON (AP). — The 1960 outflow of gold from the U.S. has passed the $1,000m. mark, the Treasury disclosed yesterday.

The latest Treasury financial statement showed that the U.S. owned $18,417m. of gold as of last Friday night. This represented a drop of $45m. from the Thursday total.

Since the first of the year, the outflow has totalled $1,039m. Of this amount, $906m. has moved into foreign hands since June 30.

Gold Up by IL2,889

Currency in circulation rose by IL4,290,334 during the week ending Tuesday, to stand at IL323,085,406, the Bank of Israel reported on Wednesday. Gold reserves rose by IL2,889, to stand at IL3,423,402.04; foreign currency reserves declined by IL27,986, to stand at IL147,197,189.72; and Treasury bills and Government promissory notes remained at IL73,500,000.

Histadrut to Back Wage Increase

TEL AVIV. — A new tug-of-war is expected between the Histadrut and the Government over wage policies.

Histadrut leaders are believed to back a limited increase in wages — probably 10 per cent. It will be discussed when negotiations begin between the Histadrut Trade Unions Department and the Manufacturers Association to renew the two-year-old collective agreement in industry.

Traditionally, the collective agreement in industry gives the lead for agreements in other branches of the economy.

Prime Minister Ben-Gurion is reported to favour compulsory arbitration in cases when the country's economy is endangered by a strike. The Histadrut will firmly oppose this trend, as denying the basic principle of freedom of negotiation on which the Histadrut stands.

BANK LEUMI on Tuesday formally took over the Commercial Credit Society in 6 Rothschild Blvd. Tel Aviv, one of the City's oldest credit cooperatives. This is the first credit society in Tel Aviv that Bank Leumi has acquired.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

	1/11	2/11
$ LINKED		
4½% Travel $	[illegible]	[illegible]
4½% Zmudel $	87	87
4½% Def. Loan	[illegible]	[illegible]
6% Hous. Loan II	[illegible]	[illegible]
4½% " "	[illegible]	[illegible]
4½% P.E.C. 57/64	108½	108½
5% Nat'l Oil Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]
6% K. Hay. III	[illegible]	[illegible]
6% Fert. & Chem.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Local Authorities	[illegible]	[illegible]
C.O.L. LINKED		
4½% Def. Loan	101½	101½
4½% Hou. Loan "A"	[illegible]	[illegible]
4½% P.E.C. 57/64	116½	116½
6% K. Hay. III	[illegible]	[illegible]
Local Authorities	101	[illegible]
50%/50% $ C.O.L. LINK.		
6% Ind. Dev. Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
5% Pal. Elect.	[illegible]	[illegible]
6% Bank Leumi Ir	[illegible]	[illegible]
ORD. & PREF. SHRS.		
Pal. Elect. Stock	616	616½
4½% Pal. Elect. 2nd Pref. Stock	380	[illegible]
Bank Leumi "A" Ord. Stock	365	380
Gen Mort. Bank (new bearer)	354	351
Bank Leumi Inv	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rassco Pref.	277½	[illegible]
Hous. Mort. Bank	151	148
Eilern Invest.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Africa Pal. Inv.	[illegible]	[illegible]
I. L. D. C. (new bearer)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ata Textiles Def. Sh. (Reg.)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Moller Text.	167½	168
Phoenicia	145½	149
Assis & Bei. Bro	304	330
Pal. Potash	275	277
Dead Sea Foun.	213	216
Teva	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pal. Cold Stor.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Paper Mills	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alliance	$4.15	[illegible]
Delek	[illegible]	[illegible]
Delek 11/12	344	337
Jordan Explor.	130½	136
CURB		
Lapidoth	6	[illegible]
Naphta	164	[illegible]

B: Buyers only. Ex: ex Div/Coupon

TODAY'S TENDENCY

Dollar Bonds — Irregular
Index Bond — Dull
Ord. Shares — Lower

AS REPORTED BY

UNION BANK
OF ISRAEL LTD
Your Investment Advisers

Wanted
for rent (key money)
1-Room Flat
good location, Jerusalem.
Write: No. 1085,
P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

Competition for Independence Day Poster

THE COMMITTEE FOR CELEBRATIONS ON ISRAEL'S INDEPENDENCE DAY, 5721, HEREBY ANNOUNCES THE HOLDING OF A

Competition for the Design of a Poster

Size: 70 cm.x100 cm. (If the poster is found suitable, the panel of judges will recommend its printing at the size of 100x140 cm.)

Colour: Maximum of 4 colours for photo offset printing.

Text: יום העצמאות תשכ״א — Independence Day 5721

Prizes:

First Prize — IL1,200
Second Prize — IL600
Third Prize — IL300

All entries must be in by Sunday, January 1, 1961, at 12 noon.

Panel of Judges: Ya'acov Yanai, Chairman; Yitzhak Danziger, sculptor; Jean David, artist; Avraham Eylon, Government Printer; Samuel Grundman, graphic artist; Erika Kluger, graphic artist; Arye Sharon, architect; Yohanan Simon, artist; Avraham Yaski, architect.

Exhibition: An exhibition will be held of posters submitted to the competition.

Award of the First Prize gives the Government all rights of the poster. The panel of judges reserves the right to require changes in the design.

All entries should be anonymous and should carry a mark by which they can be identified, while the name, address and telephone no. of the person submitting the entry should be given in a sealed envelope bearing the mark used on the poster.

Posters submitted contrary to the above conditions will be disqualified and will not be brought before the panel of judges.

Entries should be addressed to: Poster Competition. The Committee for Celebrations on Independence Day, 5721, Prime Minister's Office, Jerusalem.

HEARTY GOOD WISHES TO
Paramount Films of Palestine Inc.
and to its Director
Mr. Ladislav K. Koch
on the 13th Anniversary of the Israel branch
The Managements:
MOR, Shikun Dan, NAVEH, Nes Ziona, OPHIR, Tel Aviv Cinemas.

I wish to express my heartfelt thanks to all our friends and acquaintances who have shared my sorrow on the death of my beloved husband

Prof. Jehuda Hirshberg

Dr. Frida Hirshberg

TODAY the MIFAL HAPAYIS drawing

In Tomorrow's TWELVE-PAGE Issue of THE JERUSALEM POST

- Foreign Funds Needed to Put Developing Countries on Feet
  Israel illustrates how capital formation depends on investments from abroad, writes Bank of Israel Governor David Horowitz
- Syria Today—Discontent But No Disaffection
  Nasser mends his fences in Northern Province
- New Home for National Library
  Half-a-million books moved to ultra-modern building on University campus.
- What Car to Buy — and When
  Shifting tariffs produce queer price disparities
- Spare Parts Market Needs Foreign Competition
  Better products cannot be expected under unconditional monopoly, writes our Economic Editor
- Stories from Ireland and America
  New collections of Erin, O'Henry tales are reviewed.

PLUS ALL THE REGULAR WEEK-END FEATURES
ORDER YOU COPY IN ADVANCE

IN MEMORIAM: CHAIM WEIZMANN

One of the Great Men of Our Time

By THE RT. HON. LORD BOOTHBY

From an address delivered yesterday at the Weizmann Day Assembly in Rehovot.

I HAVE been fortunate, in my life, to have known — and known well — some of the great men of our time. Lloyd George, the founder of the Welfare State; Churchill, who, in 1940, saved western civilization from destruction; and Chaim Weizmann, who brought a nation to re-birth — who, as a boy of eleven, wrote to his schoolteacher in Russia: "So let us carry our banner to Zion. Let us return to our original mother, on whose knees we were reared. For why should we expect mercy from the Kings of Europe, that they should, in their pity for us, give us a resting place? In vain. All have decided that the Jew is doomed to death, but England will have mercy on us. Nonetheless, let us turn to Zion. Jews, to Zion let us go." And then, to Zion he went.

I am very conscious that I stand today, as I have always stood with Chaim, in the presence of greatness of an order which I have never encountered in any other human being; and that there is not much that I can say. His spirit broods over this place, and over this land; making silence more becoming than chatter.

It was the same when he was alive. I am not by nature modest or retiring. Usually I talk a great deal, and think that I talk rather well — more sense than the others. With Chaim it was different. When I was with him I never wanted to talk. I just wanted to listen to the words of wisdom that never failed to come.

Distilled Wisdom

All I really want to do, at this moment, is to stand beside his grave and think. For at no period in the world's history has the distilled wisdom that was his most priceless possession been more urgently required. If I am here, talking, it is simply because he was, to me, a wonderful friend in good times and in bad. A friend whom I venerated and loved.

The eyes, at times, were tragic, as well they might be. But it would be a great mistake to regard Chaim Weizmann as a tragic figure. He saw life with the perspective that a rich and pervading, if somewhat sardonic, sense of humour alone can bring. The secret of his overwhelming charm lay in the fact that he was, at heart, an amused and amusing man. On one occasion he said to me, with a twinkle in his eye: "Winston won't see me just now because, for him, I am conscience. And that is most irritating."

It was also true. The State of Israel is the offspring of what we are still — but only just — able to call the conscience of western civilization. Weizmann pricked it into life; and kept it alive for thirty years. Scientist, philosopher, statesman, — he was all of these; and not one of them could be separated from another. It followed, inevitably, that when he came to deal with the harsh realities of politics he was a pragmatist and a gradualist. That is why he accepted, in place of the original Balfour Declaration which was clear and specific, a Declaration which could mean nothing — or everything. "It is one of the 'ifs' of history," he subsequently wrote, "whether we should have been intransigent, and stood by our guns... Or would the Government have become wearied of these internal Jewish divisions, and dropped the whole matter? Our judgment was to accept, to press for ratification."

Verdict of History

History must surely judge that, in the light of events, he was right. The western world, under the leadership of the Great Power which had conquered Palestine, was willing to listen to him, and to be convinced by him, in 1917. Confronted by a violent conflict between the Jewish assimilationists and the Zionists, it would not, I think, have listened for long. Within three years the Russian revolution became a reality, and the tide of Arab nationalism had been set in motion by the Wilsonian doctrine of "self-determination." If Weizmann had not persuaded the British Government to make the Balfour Declaration at that particular moment of time, and then to accept the Mandate and create a British Protectorate in Palestine, the Zionist Movement would almost certainly have been crushed between these two forces.

As it was, although he did not foresee the outcome with any precision — it was not of his making, and not what he most desired — he knew that if he could get the Jewish Agency rightly constituted, the problem of the Homeland versus the State would be solved by events; and that the Zionist cause would ultimately prevail.

He did it, with only weeks to spare. The verdict of Richard Grossman cannot be challenged. "Without the personality of Weizmann there would have been no Balfour Declaration and no Mandate... The supreme justification of Weizmann as a Jewish statesman is that the spell he cast gave the Yishuv just enough time. When it failed, his own people had grown up to the point where they were strong enough to disown him as pro-British, and accept as leaders men fitted not to charm the British but to get rid of them."

We had another chance immediately after the last war, when we could have put into operation the partition plan recommended by the Peel Committee in 1937. It was the last. I have my own views about the policy of the British Government in 1947 and 1948. I gave public expression to them at home, and at the time; and this is not the place to repeat them. Indeed, the sooner the black chapter in our history is forgotten, the better for all of us. Do not hold it against Chaim Weizmann that he sought eagerly, and with touching faith, the friendship, the cooperation and the support of Britain. We are not all, or always, bad. And there are some things you have got from us, due to his influence, which will stand you in good stead, including a healthy distaste for written constitutions. I know that this is true; and I like to think of it.

Final Service

Weizmann had one final and signal service to render to Israel. If the War of Independence was to be won, it was essential to secure a majority decision of two-thirds in favour of partition at the United Nations. I happened to be in New York at the time. I saw him there; and can testify that, on more than one occasion, his personal influence at Lake Success was decisive.

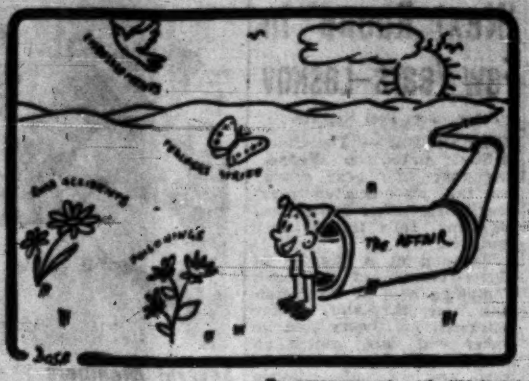
After that it was time for him to hand over the reins of political power to David Ben-Gurion; and to give, as President, the immense prestige of his name and world-wide fame to the State which his vision and sagacity had done so much to create. The miracle had been achieved. The memorial is here, at Rehovoth. And it is not unworthy of him.

What of the future? A question also asked and not answered by Herbert Agar. "Watchman, what of the night?... The morning cometh, but also the night; if ye will inquire, inquire again."

I know only that the children of Israel are here to stay, destined to become once again a great nation-state; or to be destroyed by the forces of evil, and bring down with them all the pillars of the temple. In the last resort you must fight or swim. And, as Ben-Gurion once said to me: "We are not going to swim." I hope and pray and believe that it will never come to that. But I am not, like Chaim, a prophet, a mystic, or a dreamer of dreams which come true. All I can do is to quote his last words, and beg of you to heed them: "I have loyal friends, more than I deserve. Tell them not to permit the destruction of the thing we have laboured to build. We Jews can do something very good, something which can be an honour to us all and to all mankind. But we mustn't spoil it. We are an impetuous people and we spoil and sometimes destroy what has taken generations to build up."

Let me take my leave with a verse from the psalm which all of us sing: "Behold, he that keepeth Israel: shall neither slumber nor sleep."

—HOW BEAUTIFUL IT IS OUTSIDE!



By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

After the Lavon Affair

Al Hamishmar (Mapam), in an editorial devoted to the Prime Minister's reply to the Knesset debate, discusses the role of the Defence Forces. "Our people's Army is dear to the hearts of every person in Israel. This was the reason why the people were shocked by the revelations of the 'Affair.' It must be thoroughly investigated in order to eliminate any possible taint and so that all of us can be absolutely certain, together with the Prime Minister, that our Army is completely loyal to Israel democracy and that this loyalty will never be impaired."

Hamodia (Agudat Yisrael) writes: "The Cabinet Committee will investigate the 'Affair'; the Foreign Affairs and Security Commission will study it thoroughly; everyone will be satisfied, including the members of the Committees, who will enrich their knowledge. But the citizen will retain an oppressed feeling in his heart and a bitter taste in his mouth when he attempts to believe again in this torn and split Government."

Davar (Histadrut) discusses the teachers' demands for an improvement in their conditions and **Ha'aretz** (non-party) writes about the Interior Ministry official whose subordinates have refused to cooperate with him.

Local Problems

Herut stresses the importance of Jabotinsky's doctrines and proclaims its loyalty to them on the occasion of the 80th anniversary of his birth.

Haboker (General Zionist) calls on the Ministers concerned to take action to prevent further deaths from Parathion poisoning.

Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) discusses measures to save water, and **Omer** (Histadrut) writes about Israel's possible role as a health and resort centre.

She'arim (Poalei Agudat Yisrael) comments on the problem of road accidents.

HEARD ABROAD

The majority of women in the country are in favour of corporal punishment — Mrs. H. Margary, at the Conservative Conference

---

JOHANNESBURG LETTER

By Bertha Solomon

AFTER THE REFERENDUM

DR. Verwoerd has won his gamble. South Africa is to be a republic. In a nation-wide poll of just over 90 per cent, where, for once, every vote was of equal value — in ordinary elections there is a heavy loading in favour of the country seats — the republicans won by 52 per cent to 48 per cent, a pretty slim majority for a major change in the form of a country's government.

This referendum has been the toughest and grimmest fight the country has ever known, with no holds barred and with all the luck favouring the Nationalists. The Congo, for instance, was worth thousands of votes to them, and the riots and shootings over the border in the Federation even more. And yet, after all that, on referendum day itself, behold! the relations between the parties were amazingly friendly. There was hardly an incident.

But that the citizens took the matter seriously the scenes on the day showed. In serried ranks, by car and plane and train, they came to the polls. The halt, the lame, the blind came. Everybody who could, came. "Vote early" had been the cry, and by six in the morning there were already great queues at the polling stations waiting for the polls to open at seven. In one constituency on the Rand 8,000 people out of a total of 11,000 had voted by 11 a.m. Nothing like it had ever been seen in the country before. Nor is it likely to be seen again. Out of a total of 1,800,000 whites who were entitled to vote over 1,600,000 actually did vote, giving the republicans a majority of 75,000-odd. When the result was finally announced, after a day when everybody sat glued to the radio, there was surprisingly little reaction, save in Natal which at once began talking secession again. But then, that is Natal's little way on the slightest provocation. And now the country is quiet, sitting back, waiting for the Government's next move. According to the press the Queen has already been informed of the result, and Dr. Verwoerd has indicated that the change-over will probably happen on Union Day, the 31st May 1961, an appropriate enough day.

Analysis of Voting

However, an analysis of the way the country voted is interesting. The divisions between the provinces were not unexpected but they are worth remarking. Thus, in the Cape where there is no notable republican history the two sides were about equal, the republicans winning by a mere 1,633. In Natal, on the other hand, where the British tradition is strongest, the anti-republicans thundered "No!" with a majority of 93,399. So, in the event, it was the Platteland (the country areas) of the two old republics of the Transvaal and the Orange Free State, where the yearning for a republic has never slackened since the Boer War, that gave the republicans their victory, aided to a small degree by South-West Africa. Emotion thus beat logic once again. But (oh, that "but!") had the 350-400,000 coloureds still been on the voters roll, how different the answer would have been. To a man they would have voted "No." But the die is cast now, and there is no turning back.

So far, on the whole, the republicans have behaved with impressive restraint. That they should rejoice over the victory is natural. But it has been private rejoicing, and of course they held a great thanksgiving service attended by some 25,000 at the Voortrekker (Pioneer) Memorial outside Pretoria at the week-end. But there has been no gloating. Even the Government-controlled press (evidently inspired) has been statesmanlike in its attitude, pointing out that people might rejoice, yes, but should not regard the victory as revenge for past wrongs. The task now, it urged, was to reconcile the formidable 48 per cent "antis" to the new republic. It was a note on which the Prime Minister, too, enlarged in his broadcast after the victory; but, with the best political will in the world, conciliation is not Dr. Verwoerd's *forte*, so he promptly put his foot into it. Both at a press interview and in his broadcast after the victory he said "It is striking to see the tremendous stream in favour of a republic throughout the whole country. Only in the strong monarchist localities, that is to say in a *few small dots* on the map of the country" — the italics are mine — "can the great number of opponents be found." In other words, the "antis," though they constitute 48 per cent of the voters, can be brushed aside as a few "small dots" on the map of the country because they don't happen to live on farms or in dorps (country towns). The fact that these few small dots include most of the big towns, as well as the whole of the Witwatersrand, and produce most of the country's wealth, is apparently irrelevant and of no importance. Dr. Verwoerd will really have to do better than that if he is in earnest about reconciling the "antis" to his new republic. Nor will threatening the "anti" press, as he did in that same broadcast, really help much. He might perhaps get a few hints from Dale Carnegie.

Sceptics Confounded

Meanwhile, the sceptics have been confounded on one point. The Government really is anxious to remain in the Commonwealth and will make every effort to that end. With emotion out of the way the economics of Commonwealth Preferences begin to loom large again, and the Prime Minister has already announced that he will attend the next Commonwealth Conference himself. Only the attempt on his life kept him from the last one, in fact. And Sir de Villiers Graaf, the leader of the United Party, the official Opposition, has left for England already to try and use his good offices. Unhappily for the country, however, the decision to remain in or go out doesn't rest with South Africa.

But before they act there is one point that the Commonwealth leaders should consider carefully. True, they loathe and dislike *apartheid* — understandably — but will it really help the 11,000,000 Africans and Coloureds and Indians about whom they are so concerned to push the Union out of the Commonwealth? And what about the 48 per cent whites who voted against the republic? Are they not worthy of consideration? Looked at objectively, surely it is sounder policy, and better for South Africa's dark-skinned citizens, to let her stay in the club (and bring friendly pressure to bear on her there, if not to eliminate *apartheid*, at least to moderate its effects) rather than to push her out and let the Government pursue its policy in isolation. If it is the interests of the Africans that is to be the test, well, if the Africans of the country were consulted, as they were *not* in the referendum, there would be an overwhelming cry of "Let South Africa stay."

For the rest, everything depends on how the Government rises to its great opportunity. Until now the Nationalist Government has been the political instrument of purely Afrikaner nationalism. There is not a single English-speaking member of the cabinet. Now, if it is to justify its campaign cry that the republic will bring unity, it will have to cease to be that and become a truly national government — no easy task. And as a first step it will obviously have to bring some English-speaking citizens into its councils. That the Government is aware of this necessity Dr. Verwoerd showed in his recent plaintive appeal to the English-speaking section. He said, If they were not yet prepared to join his party — I doubt whether there are 50 English-speaking Nationalists in the country — at least let them form their own Conservative Association, with a colour policy similar to his, and he would then know who were the real leaders of the English-speaking section with whom he could treat. So far there has been no response — nor is there likely to be

---

The Biblical Theatre in Jerusalem

"Moshe" by Menahem Bureisho, Translated by Shimshon Melzer. Decor by Miron Sima; Costumes by Yossi Stern; Music by Marc Lavry; Choreography by Rina Nikova. Directed by Moshe Halevy, with Shimon Finkel (by kind permission of the Habimah Theatre) and Yehuda Gabbai (by kind permission of the Ohel Theatre).

THE inauguration of the Biblical Theatre in Jerusalem was rightly a festive occasion. A crowded audience rose to its feet to applaud the entrance first of the Prime Minister and then of the President, and as the orchestra sounded the first chords of the national anthem, even the shabby red curtains of the Edison Cinema seemed to regain a pristine glow.

But as the evening continued, this festive feeling gave way to near depression. There seemed to be a vast abyss between ideal and realization, between the vision of what could be a valuable asset to the Capital and the country and what was presented on the stage. Much of the disappointment was undoubtedly due to the well-known deficiencies of the Edison Hall and it would not be fair on this score to blame either the actors or the artistic director of the new group, Mr. Moshe Halevy, who was fulfilling a life-long ambition with this world premiere.

There is probably general agreement that a company devoted to the presentation of plays on Biblical themes is an excellent idea, and it is to be trusted that there is similar agreement that the natural home of such a group should be Jerusalem. The citizens of the Capital owe a debt of gratitude to the many enthusiasic people, from the wife of the President down, who have encouraged the plan.

The question remains, however, what went wrong with the first production?

First of all, one cannot but query the choice of this particular play to launch the theatre's activities. Translated by Shimshon Meltzer from the Yiddish of the American playwright Menahem Bureisho, "Moses" is not a play but a string of nine episodes from the life and work of the Lawgiver, from his stay in Midian until his death. There was no dramatic impact, although the Pentateuch has so many moving moments. The dialogue contained almost none of the magnificent passages associated with Moses — not his final "Give ear, O ye heavens" or "This is the blessing," not the Ten Commandments or the basic tenet of Judaism: "Hear, oh Israel, the Lord thy God, the Lord is One."

In his interpretation of the character of Moses, the author has taken as his central theme the Lawgiver's vision of a people liberated from slavery and regaining its freedom. This is the thread that binds the nine episodes chosen but it is woven into the story in so pedestrian a fashion that one could only think of the old story of the Yiddish version of Hamlet, described as having been "translated and improved."

It is probable that Mr. Finkel, of Habimah, who volunteered to help the new group by playing the title role, was not happy with his part or his lines. But even this does not account for the fact that he was inaudible most of the time to a great part of the audience. This inaudibility may have been due to one of three things: the bad acoustics, the hampering effect of an over-luxuriant beard or the possibility that he was trying to present the character as he is described in the Bible — as being slow of speech and of a slow tongue. However, Mr. Finkel made an imposing figure as Moses and dominated the stage, though looking less like an ancient Hebrew and more like the Michaelangelo sculpture. Mr. Gabbai, of Ohel, similarly giving his services to his old colleague, Moshe Halevy, played Aaron as though he were his brother's election campaign manager, instead of his divinely appointed voice. Of the rest of the actors it would be kinder to say as little as possible except to note that most of them were presumably amateurs.

Sets and Costumes

The most successful part of the production was the set designed by Miron Sima. It was simple but effectively planned so as to lend variety and mobility to the stage. The costumes, designed by Yossi Stern, were colourful, and in the case of the Levites, imaginative, but the ephod and breastplates of the High Priest were incongruous, to say the least. Marc Lavry's music was suitably primitive while Rina Nikova's choreography served to move the crowds across the stage when necessary. The lighting could have been handled more professionally.

It is to be hoped that the Biblical Theatre will be more discriminating in its future choice of plays or pageants (for "Moses" is more a pageant than a play) and more sophisticated in their production. The word "future" is used advisably, since it is to be hoped that the new group, to which so many top-flight artists are making a contribution, will continue with its activities, which could prove both an attraction for overseas visitors and an educational asset to the local population.

F.D.

KEEPING POSTED

A MAN dropped in from Bulgaria the other day, an American. He said that it was a nice place in a good many ways. One of the things that made Sofia pleasant was that there you could be one of the few people privileged to own a car. Even the doctor he went to in Sofia didn't have one and just got around as best he could. But it meant easy parking. You could stop and park practically anywhere and the only thing that kept you out of a few streets were particularly bumpy cobble-stones. We explained that it wasn't that there were so many cars in Jerusalem, but so many corners, but that we weren't hoping to compete with Sofia. He had some trouble understanding our new, class-conscious regulations that permit commercial vehicles in places where private ones are banned. He told us that he had watched a driver being moved on by a policeman when he had stopped to study one of the long notices in a crowded place, and had wondered what was going on.

We hear from a traffic expert that all the new signs are considered illegible by international standards and that they are more likely to slow down traffic than speed it up. But most strangers have stopped bringing cars to Jerusalem because they don't want to tangle with the traffic people and if they bring one they cannot find space to park it unless they can tell it to hunch up its shoulders and draw in its wheels and take up less room.

•

THE Pioneer Women's grand party for the exhibition in Tel Aviv was crowded with proud women and a few somewhat nervous husbands. A fashion-conscious reporter noted that, as an organization, they were not nearly as smart as the Hadassah ladies who had come to open the hospital in Jerusalem a while ago; but on the other hand we would have known it for an Israel gathering at once, whereas the Hadassah ladies might have been any American occasion as far as we were concerned. You could have known, of course, that this was Israel by the fact that the language question became prominent. Mrs. Ogden Reid, conspicuous among the flowery dresses in a cool, American-looking suit, spoke a warm, almost flowery Hebrew which was much appreciated. She missed the best moment of the evening for her, when Mr. Ben-Gurion told the gathering at the Habimah Hall — speaking in an unfamiliar Yiddish in order to be understood — that if Mrs. Reid could learn to speak Hebrew, so could the other guests. There is probably nothing for it except for Mrs. Reid to start over again and learn Yiddish as well.

•

A SMALL boy from England came here for a few weeks and learnt quite a lot of Hebrew and the Israel customs appropriate to his age. One of them was that children here ask for *mastik* when they want chewing gum, which is most of the time. On his way back in a B.O.A.C. plane he kept bothering the air hostess for something she could not figure out. Finally, she appealed to his mother, and asked "What does the little boy want a matchstick for?"

•

THE venerable professor was offered a bottle of soda water. He turned it down because he said the manufacturers in Jerusalem know no physics. They put a little fizz in the water, just enough, they think, for it to make a mess when the bottle is opened. But who wants to drink soda water warm? As soon as you get it cold, the pressure is reduced and the water comes out dead flat and very nasty, tasting of the cork. The factory has never tried chilling their product, and the public has forgotten that soda water should sparkle. No wonder there is no label on the bottles.

Reader's Letter

EILAT PORT

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In your issue of September 6, quoting the Ministry of Transport Spokesman, you state that the development of Eilat Port will not justify the erection of a silo and a special quay for another two or three years, and that the construction of a temporary plant, as suggested by Dr. Hecht, would inflate loading costs unnecessarily, since the plant would have to be written off prematurely.

Neither our Company nor Dr. Hecht proposed the erection of a silo now at Eilat, or of a temporary plant. The opposite is true. In all our meetings with the Ministry's representatives, in our memoranda and letters, we stressed again and again the necessity to cease wasteful improvisations and to avoid the erection of temporary installations, and we suggested instead the erection — with our own means — of definite installations for the handling of bulk cargo and mass goods only, at the place provided for this purpose by the master plan. Such installations require no quay, since they convey the goods overhead to or from the ship anchoring at some distance from the shore.

Incidentally, our Company has received no loan from the Development Budget or the counterpart funds but rather the Export-Import Bank of Washington D.C. (with Government approval).

Yours, etc.
DAGON Batey-Mamguroth Le-Israel Ltd.
Haifa, September 7.

Transport Ministry Replies

We did not state that Dr. Hecht proposed the erection of a temporary quay. On the contrary, we maintain that the permanent installation he suggests, together with the investment proposed, do not comply with the requirements of the master-plan (which was itself approved by a high-level technical committee) for the following reasons:

According to a forecast of cargoes (quarry products and cement) that will be handled at Eilat, the committee and the Ministry's planning staff estimate that the construction of the special installations will only be fully justified in 1963-4.

The installation proposed by the Dagon Company would require harbour space for at least one vessel, and this could only be provided, within the confined coastal stretch at Eilat, at the expense of other activities, including tourism. Careful planning is required to adjust cargoes and installations to the dock space available, in order to avoid a waste of facilities when any of them are not fully utilized.

The location chosen by the Dagon Company is occupied at the moment by an anchorage for a special type of cargo, and it cannot be moved for the present. The eventual extension of an additional 40 metres of quay as proposed by the Ministry, and the construction of an installation on that extension that could also be used for general cargo, will cost all told $100,000 less than the plan proposed by the Dagon Company, apart from the other difficulties involved in Dr. Hecht's proposal.

The investment proposed by Dagon amounts to some IL700,000. This does not include the breakwater that would be required for the anchorage, nor the approach roads, the land area needed (eight dunams) or electrical and other installations. These additional expenditures would amount to IL3m., so that the investment offered by Dagon would cover only 20 per cent of total costs, whereas a proper proportion would be 50-70 per cent, or an investment by the Company of IL1.7m. to IL2m.

N. NEVO
Public Information Officer
Ministry of Transport
Jerusalem, October 17.

PEN FRIENDS

KATRINA PALAN, 15½, of 33 Dickens Street, Elwood, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia, is looking for a male pen friend about 17 or 18 years old. Her hobbies are music, stamp collecting, swimming, tennis and reading. She also plays the piano.

MISS FRIEDA FRITZ, P.O.B. 644, Kentville, N.S., Canada, 18, would like to correspond with people her age from Israel.

We are pleased to inform our customers that:
Messrs. L. BEN-DAVID & Co. LTD.
133 Allenby Road—Telephone 62272
TEL AVIV
have been appointed SOLE DISTRIBUTORS and IMPORTERS in ISRAEL as from November 1, 1960
The Garrard Engineering & Manufacturing Co. Ltd.
Export Manager: H. L. RISELEY.

Prepare Your Vehicle for the Winter
Driving with reliable brakes in the winter is more comfortable AND SAFER.
If your vehicle has not been tested and you have not yet received the blue sticker,
HAVE IT DONE TODAY!
Garages of the Israel Garage Union are at your service till November 11, 1960.
Testing is free of charge; repairs are performed at a 20 per cent reduction.
10 more days till road inspection begins.
The National Council for Prevention of Road Accidents

Seagram's
V.O.
CANADIAN WHISKY
"Honoured the world over"
available at all leading Liquor shops

ADRIATICA
m.v. MESSAPIA
Arriving in Haifa at 6 a.m. on November 5, 1960
Leaving the same day at 11 p.m. for Larnaca, Piraeus, Naples, Genoa.
m.v. MESSAPIA
Arriving in Haifa at 6 a.m. November 27, 1960
Leaving the same day at 11 p.m. for Larnaca, Piraeus, Bari, Venice, Trieste.
We accept bookings for passengers and cargoes to America — Australia — India — South Africa etc. with transhipment at Genoa or Trieste on the vessels of the
ITALIA & LLOYD TRIESTINO LINES
For further particulars, please apply to your travel agent, or to
Adriatica S.P.A.N.
HAIFA: 104 Derech Ha'atzmaut, Tel. [illegible], P.O.B. 1520
TEL AVIV: [illegible]
JERUSALEM: King David Hotel Annex, [illegible] P.O.B. 660

MILK
the source of health
ALL attest:
Milk is best
חלב

גילי אומרת...
Gili says...
Everyone will be delighted when you serve them
SEA FISH
Sea fish bring the healing power of the sea to your home
Sea fish contain minerals which are not found in any other food
Are you slimming?
Sea fish are the solution
The fish in season: Vardit-Eilat
Sea Fish—The Perfect Food
דגי-ים - מזון מושלם